

1. Base map contours derived from a 2006 bare-earth digital elevation model constructed from PAMAP LiDAR elevation points by PA DCNR, Bureau of Topographic and Geologic Survey [PA State Plane - South (US Survey Foot) NAD83 (Vertical datum - NAVD88)]. Roads and surface water features from PASDA breakline features. All

Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Knox District Office, July 1996, Revised October 1996. Pond geometry and volumes are representative and may not depict actual field dimensions.

5. Proposed structures may be altered as approved by the Project Engineer as needed to suit field conditions. 6. PA One Call notification for the site will be required prior to commencing system construction.

9. Construction activities on PA State Gamelands is subject to a Special Use Permit that is to be acquired by BioMost, Inc. Any requirements or construction "blackout" dates described within the permit are to be adhered to.

1. Install dual 24" (Beaver Deceiver) culvert pipes in existing treatment wetland, install compost filter sock, (or approved equivalent) where

2. Clear & Grubb only the area that is to be disturbed. Place any trees in windrow / brush piles along outside edge of limits of disturbance or site access as needed. Excess woody debris may be burned in accordance

4. Remove and place used treatment media from East Pond into fill

5. Clean AASHTO #1 limestone from West Pond and gravel from East Pond 6. Install treatment components associated with East and West Ponds

8. Grade all affected areas to blend with surrounding topography to promote

9. Place and spread best on-site soil material, as needed, to ensure

10. Seed entire affected area as per permanent seeding specifications as

soon as possible or within 7 days after construction. 11. Remove all temporary BMPs upon establishing permanent, uniform,

1. Only limited disturbance will be permitted to provide access to install rock construction entrance and compost filter sock.

2. Erosion and sediment control Best Management Practices (BMPs) must be constructed, stabilized, and functional before site disturbance begins within the BMP contributory drainage area.

3. After final site stabilization has been achieved (uniform 70% perennial vegetative cover or better where revegetated), temporary erosion and sediment control BMPs must be removed. Areas disturbed during removal of BMPs must be stabilized immediately.

4. Stockpile heights must not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes must be 2:1 or flatter.

5. Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment control BMPs must be maintained properly. Maintenance must include inspection of all erosion and sediment control BMPs after each runoff event and on at least a weekly basis (see details for additional requirements). All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed within 48 hours or sooner if so specified for a given BMP. If erosion and sediment control BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs or modifications of those installed will be required. The site Construction Foreman or his designee must ensure that weekly and post-runoff inspections are completed and shall oversee

any required preventative and remedial maintenance work. 6. Sediment removed from BMPs must be placed within the limits of disturbance in an area protected by BMPs and promptly stabilized to avoid future re-entrainment.

7. Any waste materials generated by (including wastes associated with the operation and maintenance of earthmoving equipment and construction materials such as geotextile, pipe, revegetation supplies, etc.) or encountered during construction will be recycled, scrapped, or disposed of in permitted facilities in accordance with all applicable state and federal regulations as needed.

8. Area affected during construction shall be only within the limits of disturbance as shown and shall be kept to the minimum area needed to implement the reclamation project.

9. Though all cut and fill material will be used and/placed on site, it is the responsibility of the operator to perform due diligence and determine if any fill material imported from off site is Clean Fill. Clean Fill is defined as: Uncontaminated, non-water soluble, non-decomposable, inert, solid material. The term includes soil, rock, stone, dredged material, used asphalt, and brick, block or concrete from construction and demolition activities that is separate from other waste and is recognizable as such. The term does not include materials placed in or on the waters of the commonwealth unless otherwise authorized. (The term "used asphalt" does not include milled asphalt or asphalt that has been processed for re-use.).

TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

Temporary - To be applied within four (4) days if construction activities are to be suspended more than 14 days.

Species: Annual Ryegrass

Pure Live Seed: 88% Application Rate: 48 LB./AC. Fertilizer Type: None Liming Rate: 0 T./AC.

Mulch Type: Hay or Straw Mulching Rate: 3.0 T./AC.

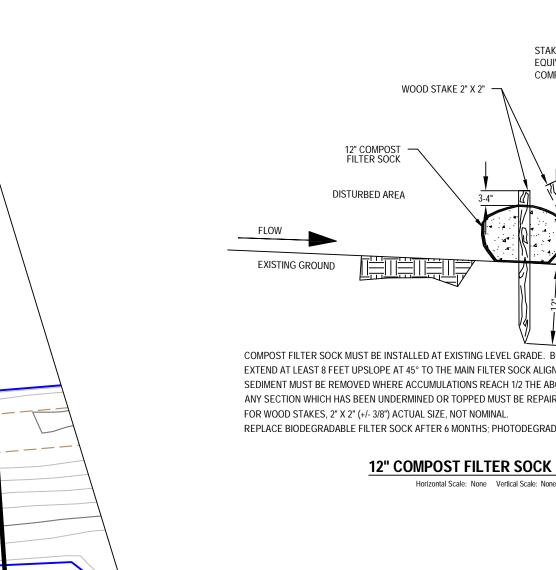
Permanent - To be applied within four (4) days of completion of construction activities

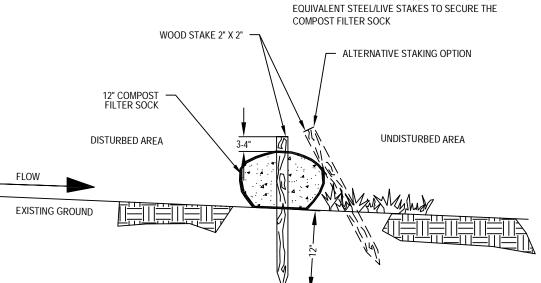
(Species - Application Rate): Orchard Grass - 10 LB./AC.; Timothy - 10 LB./AC.; White Dutch Clover - 3 LB./AC.; Alsike Clover - 3 LB./AC.; Ladino Clover 3 LB./AC.; Birdsfoot Trefoil (Empire Variety) - 13 LB./AC.; Winter Wheat - 60 LB./AC. (Winter wheat for fall planting or spring oats at 34 LB./AC. for spring planting. Winter rye or annual rye grass at 25 LB./AC. may also be used.) Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue shall not be used.

STAKES SPACED @ 10' MAX. USE 2" X 2" WOOD OR

Min. Purity: 90% Min. Germination: 80% Fertilizer Type: 10-20-20 Fertilizer Appl. Rate: 500 LB./AC.

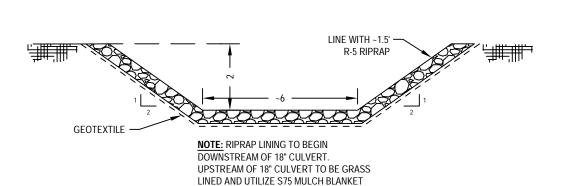
Liming Rate: 3.0 T./AC. Mulch Type: Hay or Straw Mulching Rate: 3.0 T./AC. Preferred Seeding Season Dates: 3/15 to 6/1; 8/1 to 10/15



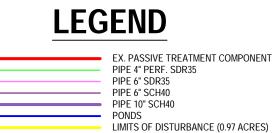


COMPOST FILTER SOCK MUST BE INSTALLED AT EXISTING LEVEL GRADE. BOTH ENDS OF EACH FILTER SOCK SECTION MUST EXTEND AT LEAST 8 FEET UPSLOPE AT 45° TO THE MAIN FILTER SOCK ALIGNMENT. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHERE ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/2 THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE FILTER SOCK. ANY SECTION WHICH HAS BEEN UNDERMINED OR TOPPED MUST BE REPAIRED/REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS. FOR WOOD STAKES, 2" X 2" (+/- 3/8") ACTUAL SIZE, NOT NOMINAL. REPLACE BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCK AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE AFTER 12 MONTHS

12" COMPOST FILTER SOCK DETAIL



SURFACE WATER DIVERSION CHANNEI Horizontal Scale: None Vertical Scale: None



LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE (0.97 ACRES) SLUDGE DISPOSAL AREA — — — — — EX. ACCESS ROAD (DIRT) PROP. INDEX CONTOUR PROP. INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR — EX. INDEX CONTOUR EX. INTERMEDIATE CONTOUR

PROP. RIPRAP CHANNEL/OUTLET

SHEET 1 OF 2

PLAN VIEW

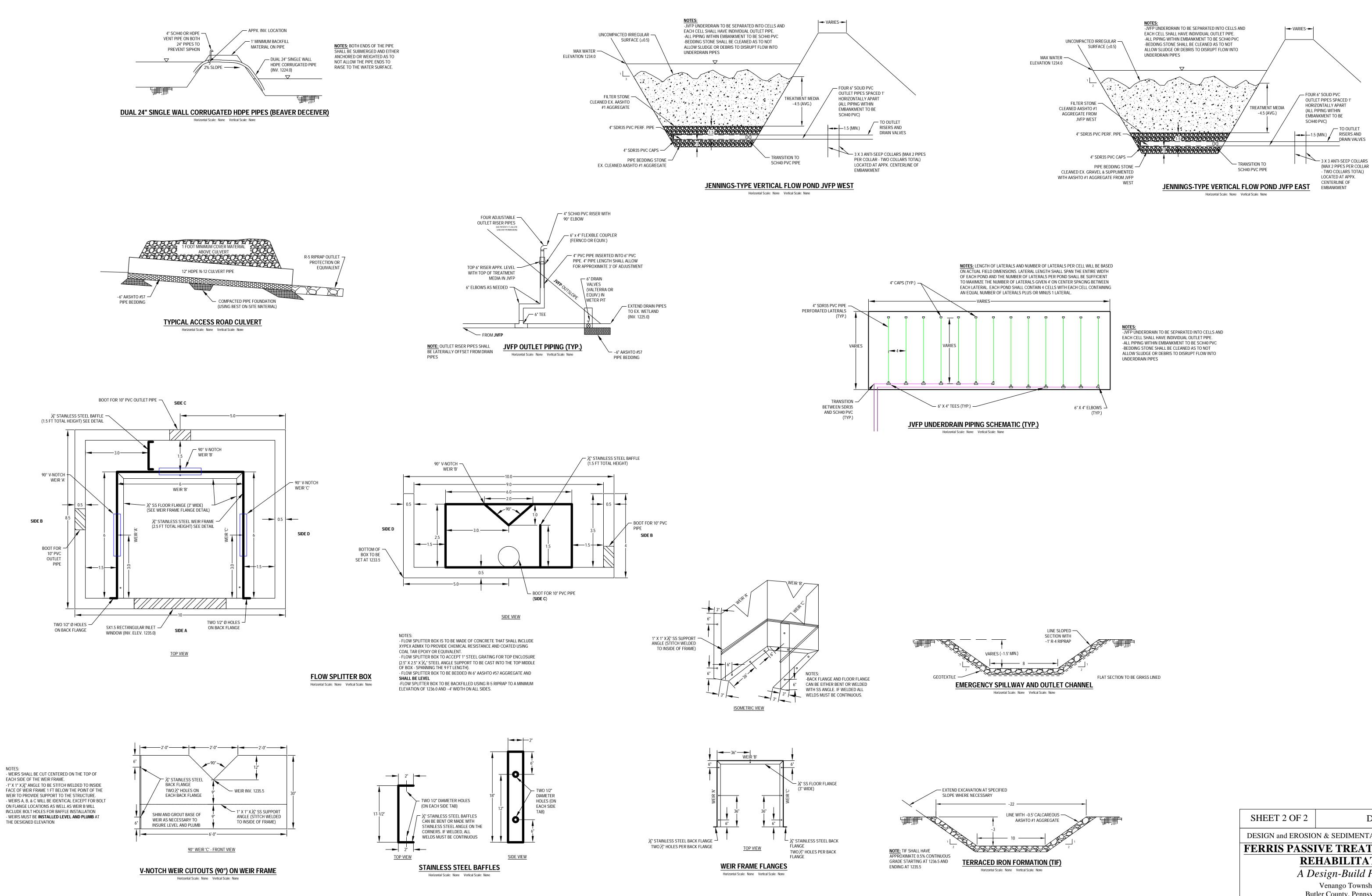
DESIGN and EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN

FERRIS PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM REHABILITATION

A Design-Build Project Venango Township Butler County, Pennsylvania **Stream Restoration Incorporated** Scale: As Shown March 2021 **BioMost, Inc. Mining and Reclamation Services**

Mars PA www.hinmost.com

)\$Y



DETAILS DESIGN and EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN FERRIS PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM REHABILITATION A Design-Build Project Venango Township Butler County, Pennsylvania Stream Restoration Incorporated Scale: As Shown March 2021 **BioMost, Inc. Mining and Reclamation Services** Mars, PA www.biomost.com