

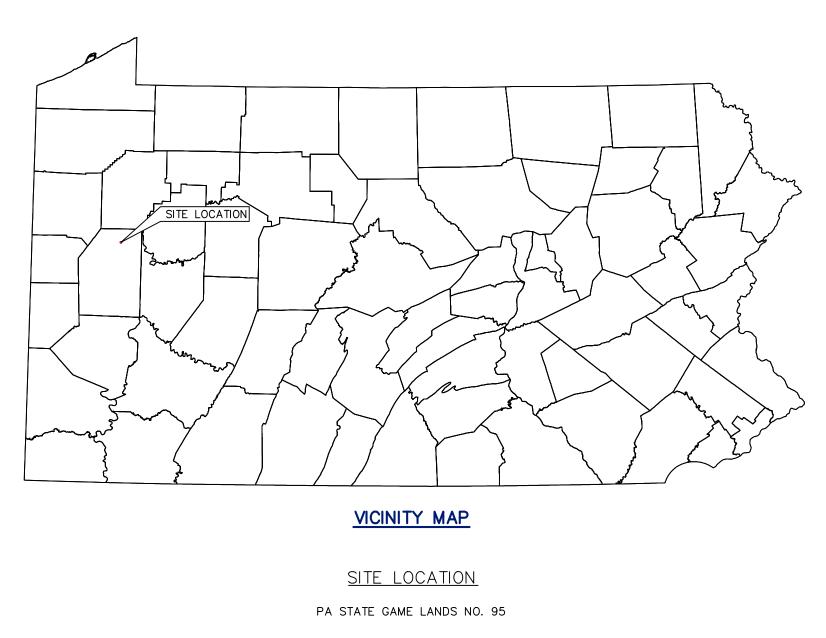
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DRAWING NUMBER:

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VOGEL LANDFILL, INC. SR89 PROJECT PA STATE GAME LANDS NO. 95

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 2017
REVISED DECEMBER 2018



PREPARED FOR:

VOGEL DISPOSAL SERVICE, INC.

121 BRICKYARD ROAD

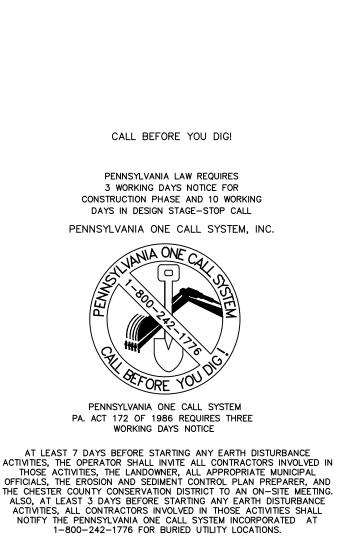
MARS, PA 16046

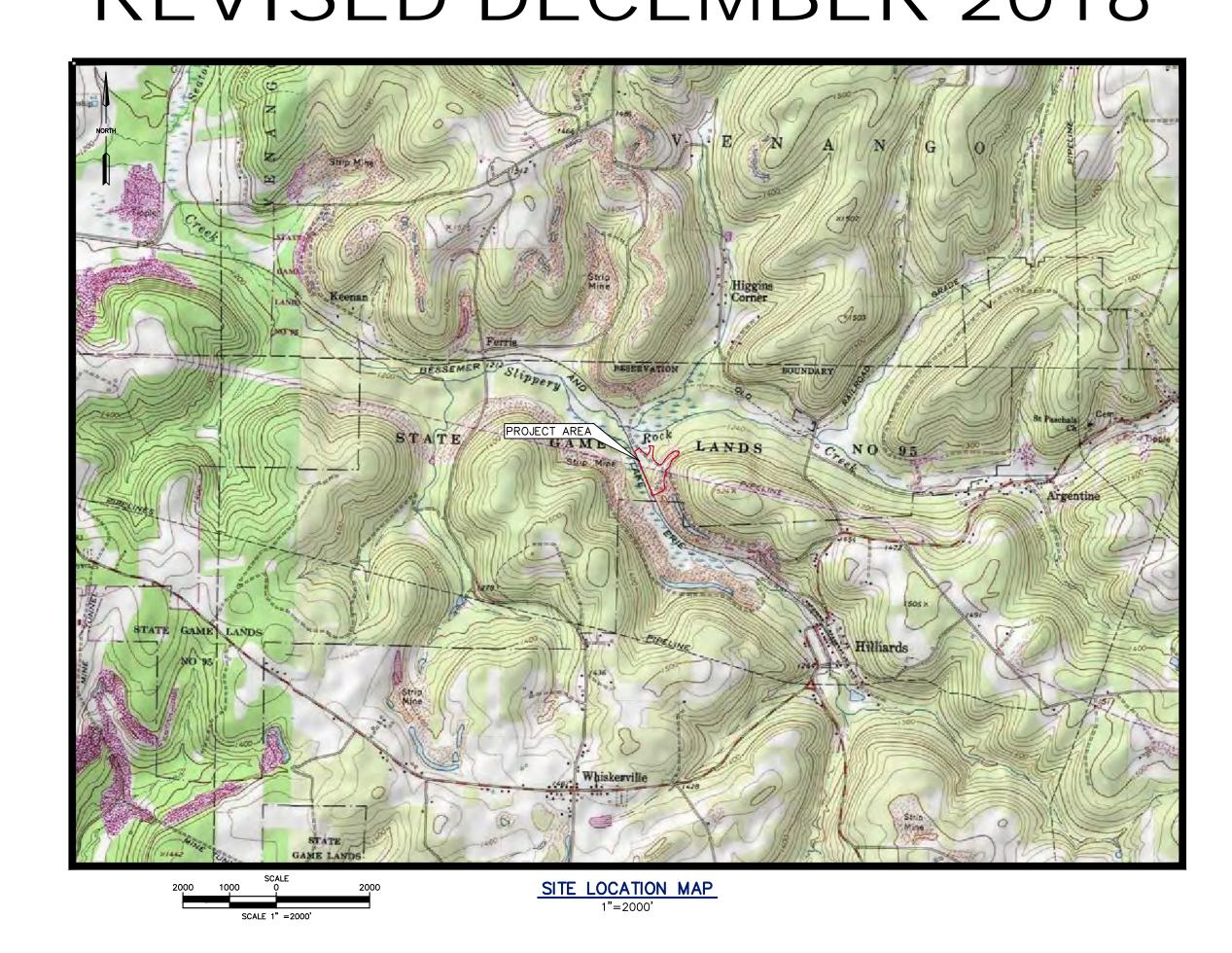
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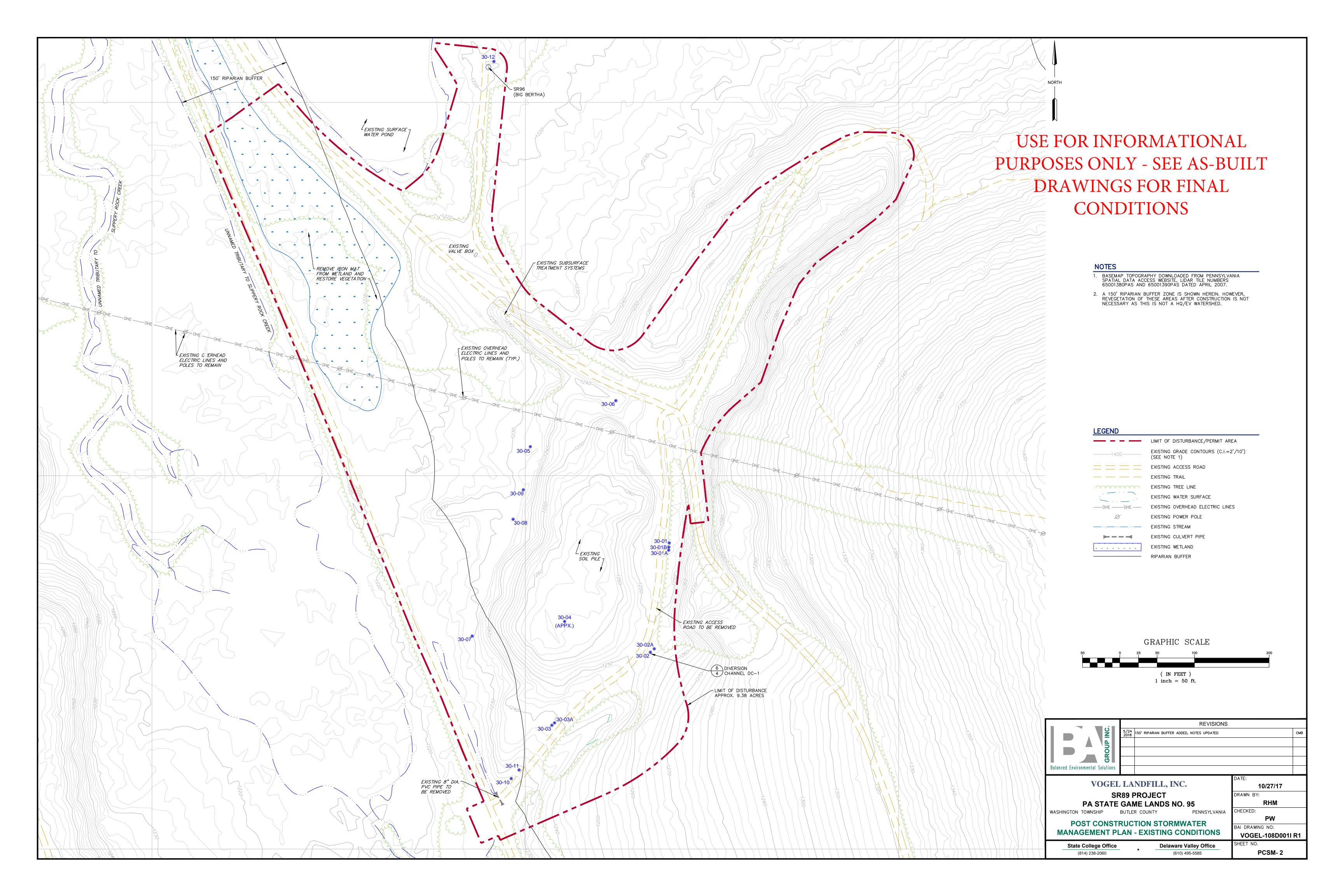
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PROJECT # 17-VOGEL-108

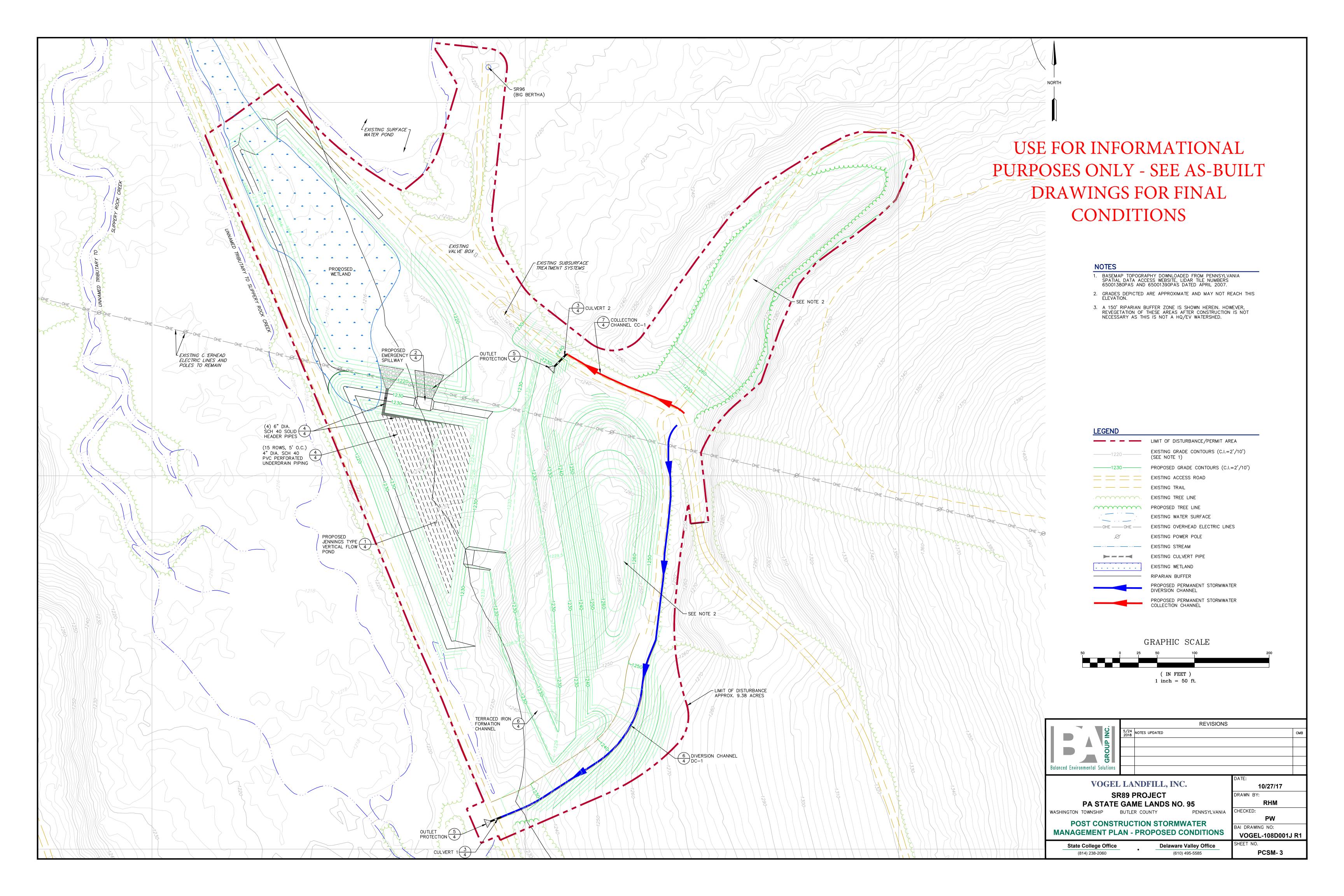


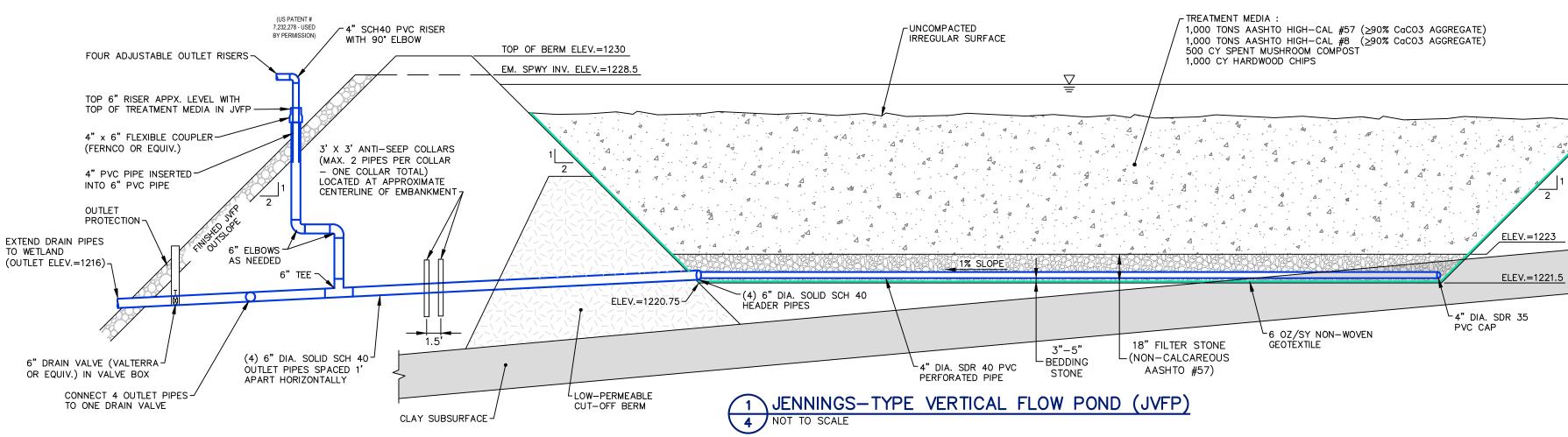


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	PCSM-3	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - PROPOSED CONDITIONS	VOG-108D001J R1
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USE FOR INFORMATIONAL
PURPOSES ONLY - SEE AS-BUILT
DRAWINGS FOR FINAL CONDITIONS







RESOLUTION TO SOIL LIMITATIONS (SEE TABLE 1 THIS SHEET FOR SOIL LIMITATIONS)

- CUTBANKS / CAVING: CONDUCT TRENCHING OPERATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR TRENCHING.
- 2. CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE / STEEL:
 PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PROTECT ALL CONCRETE AND STEEL FROM CORROSION BY USING PREVENTATIVE
- WHEN BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED; IT SHALL BE REMOVED BY MECHANICAL METHODS OR BLASTING. BLASTING SHALL CONFORM WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT SLOPE FAILURE BY FLATTENING CUT / FILL SLOPES, NOT OVERLOADING, MAINTAINING LATERAL SUPPORT, AND PREVENTING SATURATION OF SOILS. AVOID USING FOR ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. FLOODING/HYDRIC/SLOW PERCOLATION/PONDING/WETNESS/SEASONAL HIGH WATER TABLE:
- EXCAVATIONS IN SOILS THAT HAVE THESE CHARACTERISTICS WILL LIKELY ENCOUNTER WATER. DEWATER WITH APPROPRIATE MEANS SUCH AS PUMP WATER FILTER BAGS, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC.
- 6. SHRINK / SWELL / FROST ACTION:
 SOILS THAT HAVE POTENTIAL TO SWELL, SHRINK, OR HEAVE MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ROADWAYS OR PADS WHERE FOUNDATIONS ARE CRITICAL. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF SOILS WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL MAY BE REQUIRED.P
- POOR TOPSOIL / DROUGHTY / WETNESS:
 SOIL TEST IS ENCOURAGED TO DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE APPLICATIONS OF SOIL AMENDMENTS TO PROMOTE GROWTH.

 IDENTIFY SOILS ON—SITE THAT ARE FAIR SOURCES OF TOPSOIL, STRIP AND STOCKPILE FOR USE DURING RESTORATION.
- PROVIDE PROTECTIVE LINING, SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS (ROLLS OR HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED), TRACKING SLOPES, UPSTREAM DIVERSIONS, WATERBARS, ETC., TO MINIMIZE EROSION OF THE SOILS.
- CHARACTERISTICS OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, INCLUDING PAST, PRESENT AND PROPOSED LAND USE PROPOSED ALTERATIONS TO THE AREA

THE PROJECT IS LOCATED ON PENNSYLVANIA GAME LANDS NO. 95. THE LAND IS OPERATED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION FOR WILDLIFE HABITAT AND PUBLIC HUNTING GROUNDS. THE IMMEDIATE PROJECT AREA HAS BEEN AFFECTED BY PAST MINING OPERATIONS THROUGH VARIOUS DISCHARGES OF AMD.
THE AMD HAS SEVERELY AFFECTED THE DOWNSTREAM NON-FUNCTIONAL WETLAND AREA WHICH WILL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS PART OF THIS REMEDIATION SURROUNDING AREAS ON THE SITE CONSIST OF WOODED AREAS, ACCESS ROADS, AND SPOIL PILES FROM PAST MINING OPERATIONS. REFER TO

DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT WILL CONSIST OF REMOVAL OF EXISTING TREES AND SOIL PILES WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM. THE PROJECT AREA AND LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE CONSIST OF APPROXIMATELY 9.38 ACRES. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL STRUCTURES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE PROJECT TO PREVENT IMPACTS TO ADJACENT WATERS DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. THE CONSTRUCTED PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS: A TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL, A JENNINGS-TYPE VERTICAL FLOW POND, AND A WETLAND AREA. CONCEPTUAL DESIGN OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WAS CONDUCTED BY STREAM RESTORATION, INC. PROJECT SITE RUNOFF

SURFACE WATER FROM THE PROJECT AREA WILL ACCESS THE COMMONWEALTH SURFACE WATER SYSTEM THROUGH AN UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO SLIPPERY ROCK CREEK (CWF). THE SURFACE WATER IS CONSIDERED IMPAIRED DUE TO METALS AND SILTATION FROM ACID MINE DRAINAGE.

STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SEQUENCING THE OPERATIONS AND USING A SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT EROSION AND OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. SITE WORK WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A SHORT TIMEFRAME AND WILL BE STABILIZED AS WORK PROGRESSES. THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARY BMP'S WILL BE UTILIZED:

• A TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASIN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE BASIN WILL BE CONVERTED TO A WETLAND AFTER THE REST OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM IS CONSTRUCTED. · SITE WILL BE REVEGETATED WITH NATIVE SPECIES.

ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

BMP INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SEQUENCING THE OPERATIONS AND USING A SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT EROSION AND OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. SITE WORK WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A SHORT TIMEFRAME AND WILL BE STABILIZED AS WORK

• A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE UTILIZED AT THE ENTRANCE FROM THE ACCESS ROAD. THE ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAIL 3 ON SHEET 6 OF THE DRAWING SET. FILTER FABRIC FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED DOWNGRADIENT OF DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE DRAINING TO SEDIMENT BASIN 1, AS SHOWN ON E&S PLAN DRAWINGS. FABRIC FILTER FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 6 • SEDIMENTATION BASIN NO. 1 WILL ALSO BE USED TO CONTROL SEDIMENT LEAVING THE SITE. THIS BASIN IS GENERALLY EXISTING, ALTHOUGH SOME IMPROVEMENTS ARE PROPOSED. THE BASIN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET.

• SEDIMENT FILTER BAGS MAY BE USED IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE • CHANNELS AND CULVERTS WILL BE USED TO CONVEY OR DIVERT STORMWATER THROUGHOUT THE SITE. REFER TO THE DETAILS ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET. ROCK APRONS WILL BE USED AT PIPE DISCHARGES. SEE DETAIL ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET.

• UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE A CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED FOUR DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&S PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.

ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

PERMANENT BMP'S WILL CONSIST OF

• DISTURBED AREAS NOT UTILIZED FOR THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL RECEIVE TOPSOIL (IF NEEDED) AND SOIL AMENDMENTS, PERMANENT SEEDING,

• A WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ON THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA. THE WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN DRAWINGS.

STAGING OF EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES
AT LEAST 3 DAYS BEFORE STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, ALL CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN THESE ACTIVITIES SHALL NOTIFY THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INCORPORATED AT 811 TO LOCATE BURIED UTILITIES.

THE INTENT OF THE PLAN IS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BY LIMITING THE WORK AREA ALLOWED AND BY STABILIZING THE WORK AREA AS THE CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSES. THIS PLAN ALSO SEEKS TO MINIMIZE THE EXTENT AND DURATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE AS WELL AS KEEP COMPACTION OF SOILS TO A MINIMUM. GIVEN THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT, A REDUCTION IN STORMWATER RUNOFF IS ANTICIPATED DUE TO PROMOTION OF

VEGETATION AND RESTORATION OF WETLANDS CURRENTLY DESIGNATED AS NON-FUNCTIONING. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PLACE THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL AWAY FROM STREAM BANKS, DRAINAGE CHANNELS AND VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS AS APPLICABLE. PROTECT EXISTING DRAINAGE FEATURES AND VEGETATION NOT PROPOSED TO BE DISTURBED. STOCKPILES THAT ARE GOING TO REMAIN FOR LONGER THAN FOUR DAYS SHALL IMMEDIATELY RECEIVE A TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCH FOR STABILIZATION. RESTORATION WORK SHALL BE DONE AS THE PROJECT PROGRESSES, AND NOT BE LEFT UNTIL THE END OF THE JOB. AT A MINIMUM, NO AREA SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED WITHOUT SOME FORM OF STABILIZATION, UNLESS SUBJECT O CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. THE PROJECT WILL NOT GENERATE ANY WASTE. IF UNKNOWN WASTES ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING THE PROJECT, THEY WILL BE

DISPOSED OF BY DEP REGULATIONS AS NOTED BELOW. A SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS TO ACHIEVE THE ABOVE IS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING), THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE PLAN PREPARER, THE LAND MANAGEMENT GROUP SUPERVISOR FOR THE PGC, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM BUTLER COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 2. MOBILIZE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS TO THE PROJECT SITE.
- 3. THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE WILL BE DELINEATED FOR PGC REGIONAL FORESTRY STAFF TO COMPLETE A TIMBER VALUATION PRIOR TO CONDUCTING ANY
- 4. CONSTRUCT AND INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE APPROPRIATELY THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE AND STABILIZE TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.
- 5. INSTALL PROTECTIVE BARRIER AROUND AREAS TO BE PROTECTED, SUCH AS WETLANDS AND STREAMS. PROTECTIVE BARRIERS MAY BE EARTHEN BERM, ORANGE SAFETY FENCE, JERSEY BARRIERS, OR SIMILAR.
- 6. INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP'S AS DIRECTED ON THE PLANS AND AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION. EARTH DISTURBANCE CANNOT OCCUR UNTIL E&S BMP'S HAVE BEEN INSTALLED TO TREAT THE WATERSHED AREA IN WHICH DISTURBANCE WILL OCCUR.
- 7. INSTALL COMPOST FILTER SOCK AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS (CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHOULD BE LIMITED TO WHAT IS NECESSARY FOR INSTALLATION). ALL INSTALLED BMP'S SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER RUNOFF EVENTS. UPON INSPECTION, NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY THE CONTRACTOR. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF CONTROLS.
- CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 BY CONSTRUCTING A SOIL BERM AT THE NORTH END OF THE PROJECT AREA. REMOVE IRON MAT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF BERM. INSTALL THE PIPE BARREL AND RISER FOR THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. INSTALL RIPRAP APRON AT OUTLET OF BARREL PIPE. INSTALL TRASH RACK ON PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY RISER PIPE. GRADE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CHANNEL OVER THE SOIL BERM, STABILIZE THE BERM AND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND INSTALL TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGN BEQUIREMENTS.
- REMOVE THE EXISTING 8-INCH DIAMETER PVC PIPE CULVERT. REMOVE OR PLUG THE EXISTING 12-INCH DIAMETER CONCRETE PIPE CULVERT WHICH CROSSES
- 10. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-1, TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-2, TEMPORARY CULVERT 1, AND PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION INCLUDING DISTURBED AREA LOCATED LINE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS RO UPSLOPE OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD.

- 11. PERFORM CLEARING OF EXISTING TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE. TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH REMOVED FOR THE PROJECT WILL BE PLACED IN PILES ON THE PROPERTY IN AREAS AS APPROVED BY PGC OFFICIALS.
- 12. CONSTRUCT VERTICAL FLOW POND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION. 13. PERFORM EXCAVATION OF CONSTRUCTION AREA MINE SPOIL PILE. EXCAVATED SPOIL MATERIALS WILL BE STOCKPILED IN THE EXISTING STRIP CUT FROM PREVIOUS MINING OPERATIONS. EXCESS SOIL MATERIAL WILL REMAIN AS PERMANENT FILL IN THE AREA. FILL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE GRADE ELEVATION SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY.
- 14. CONSTRUCT TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 15. PERFORM FINAL GRADING OF PROJECT AREA AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS
- 16. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREA, CONVERT TCC-2 INTO DIVERSION CHANNEL DC-1 AND CONSTRUCT THE REMAINDER OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE ENTIRE CHANNEL AREA, SIDESLOPES, AND OUTLET ACCORDING TO DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.
- 17. INSTALL CULVERT 1 FOR CROSSING UNDER THE EXISTING LOWER ACCESS ROAD FOR DISCHARGE OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS ONCE INSTALLATION OF DC-1 AND CULVERT 1 IS COMPLETED. 18. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREAS, REMOVE TEMPORARY CHANNEL TCC-1 AND TEMPORARY CULVERT 1. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE
- FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 19. CONVERT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 TO THE WETLAND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREA WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 20. IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION, EXCESS WATER WILL BE PUMPED OFFSITE. PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS WILL BE USED TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE PUMPED THROUGH THE SEDIMENTATION BASIN
- REMOVED WHEN THEY BECOME ½ FULL. THE USE OF FILTER BAGS WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE CONSTRUCTION AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND SUCCESSFULLY REVEGETATED.
- 22 REMOVE ANY DEBRIS AND ENSURE ADEQUATE FLOW IN PERMANENT STORMWATER DIVERSION STRUCTURES, REPAIR PERMANENT E&S CONTROL STRUCTURES AS NECESSARY. REMOVE THE TEMPORARY E&S CONTROL MEASURES ONCE VEGETATION HAS BECOME ESTABLISHED (>70% COVER).
- 23. DEMOBILIZATION OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS FROM THE SITE. DEVIATION FROM THE SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY BE NECESSARY BASED ON SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS AND OCCURRENCES AT THE TIME OF

CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED AT THE SITE AT ANY TIME NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT IN A TIMELY MANNER.

- CONSTRUCTED WETLAND THE DESIGN OF THE PROPOSED WETLAND CREATION AREA CONSISTS OF RESTORING THE FUNCTIONS OF THE EXISTING WETLAND ECOSYSTEM IMPAIRED BY AMD DRAINAGE. THE SITE WILL BE DESIGNED TO MIMIC THAT OF THE ORIGINAL WETLAND WHILE CREATING HABITAT FOR A WIDE ARRAY OF WILDLIFE.
- HYDROLOGIC DESIGN THE HYDROLOGY THAT WILL DRIVE THE NEWLY CREATED WETLANDS WILL BE FROM A NATURALLY OCCURRING / SEASONAL FLUCTUATING HIGH-WATER TABLE AND SURFACE WATER INPUTS FROM THE AMD TREATMENT SYSTEM.
- THE OVERALL GRADING DESIGN WITHIN WETLAND CREATION AREAS WILL INCLUDE STRIPPING THE EXISTING IRON MAT RESULTING FROM THE AMD DRAINAGE. A 6 -12"LAYER OF TOPSOIL / BEST AVAILABLE MATERIAL WILL BE ADDED TO THE APPROXIMATE ORIGINAL GRADE. TOPSOIL AND OR COMPOST MAY NEED TO BE PROVIDED AND/OR AMENDED INTO THE UPPER 12"OF STRIPPED MATERIAL TO BE PLACED AS FINAL GRADE.
- HE FINAL GRADING OF THE SITE WILL RESULT IN MICROTOPOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN ELEVATIONS WHICH WILL RESULT IN SEVERAL HYDROLOGIC REGIMES WITHIN THE WETLAND CREATION AREA. THE VEGETATIVE DESIGN OF THE SITE OUTLINES A SPECIFIC HERBACEOUS SEED MIX THAT WAS SELECTED FOR THE SITE. THE SITE
- THE ENTIRE WETLAND CREATION AREA WILL BE SEEDED WITH THE MIXTURE SPECIFIED IN THE SEEDING AND MULCHING SECTION BELOW. STRAW MULCH WILL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 3 TONS PER ACRE TO THE NEWLY SEEDED AREAS TO PROTECT AGAINST EROSION DURING SEED GERMINATION. THE GOAL OF THE PROPOSED WETLAND IS FOR THE SITE TO BE SELF-SUSTAINING POST-CONSTRUCTION WITH LITTLE TO NO MAINTENANCE NEEDS BEYOND THE FIVE-YEAR MONITORING PERIOD. MAINTENANCE WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF STREAM RESTORATION, INC. THE SITE SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST TWICE A YEAR FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS AND NO LESS THAN ONCE PER YEAR DURING THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS, OR AS DIRECTED BY REGULATORY AGENCIES. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES MAY INCLUDE TREATMENT OF INVASIVE SPECIES AND OTHER APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ENSURE THE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS ARE

SEEDING AND MULCHING

UPON FINAL COMPLETION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL IMMEDIATELY HAVE TOPSOIL RESTORED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BMPS CAN BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE MEETS FINAL STABILIZATION. FINAL STABILIZATION MEANS THAT ALL SOIL—DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETED, AND THAT EITHER A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY OF 70% OR GREATER HAS BEEN TABLISHED OR THAT AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH PERMANENTLY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION HAS BEEN INSTALLED. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE 70% REQUIREMENT REFERS TO THE TOTAL AREA VEGETATED AND NOT JUST A PERCENT OF THE SITE.

TOPSOIL WILL BE REPLACED PRIOR TO STABILIZATION. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH ONE OF THE CORRESPONDING MIXTURES FROM THE LIST BELOW. THE PGC WILL BE CONSULTED PRIOR TO VEGETATION. DEPENDING ON WHAT THE FINAL GRADE AROUND THE TREATMENT SYSTEM LOOKS LIKE, THE PGC MAY CHOOSE OTHER MIXES FOR LOWER MAINTENANCE. AN APPROPRIATE WETLAND SEED MIX (ERNST PASSIVE ACID MINE OBL WETLAND MIX OR SIMILAR) WILL BE USED TO VEGETATE THE WETLAND. APPLY LIME AND FERTILIZER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. IF SOIL TEST RESULTS ARE UNAVAILABLE, APPLY AGRICULTURAL GRADE LIME AT A RATE OF 6 TONS PER ACRE AND APPLY 10-20-20 FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 1000 LBS/ACRE. STRAW MULCH SHALL

PREFERRED SEED MIX: ALL STEEP SLOPES, PIPELINES, & DURING OPERATIONS 2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM

10 LBS/ACRES - CANADA WILDRYE 10 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY

3 LBS/ACRE - ALSIKE CLOVER 3 LBS/ACRE - LADINO CLOVER

1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, WINTER GRAIN RYE IN FALL) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

PROPOSED WETLAND AREA - PASSIVE ACID MINE OBL WETLAND MIX

22.0% CAREX VULPINOIDEA, PA ECOTYPE (FOX SEDGE) 20.0% CAREX LURIDA, PA ECOTYPE (LURID (SHALLOW) SEDGE)

20.0% ELYMUS RIPARIUS. PA ECOTYPE (RIVERBANK WILDRYE)

9.0% CAREX CRINITE, PA ECOTYPE (FRINGED (NODDING) SEDGE) 8.0% SCIRPUS ATROVIRENS, PA ECOTYPE (GREEN BULRUSH)

8.0% SPARGANIUM EURYCARPUM, PA ECOTYPE (GIANT BUR REED) 6.0% SCIRPUS EXPANSUS, PA ECOTYPE (WOOD BULRUSH)

4.0% JUNCUS EFFUSES (SOFT RUSH) 3.0% SCIRPUS CYPERINUS, PA ECOTYPE (WOOLGRASS) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

ALTERNATE SEED MIXES:

ORIGINALLY FORESTED - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION 5 LBS/ACRE BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE 1 LB/ACRE - INDIANGRASS

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM 1 LB/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA

1 LB/ACRE - SWITCHGRASS 1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS

14 LB/ACRE - MAXIMILLIAN SUNFLOWER 1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, GRAIN RYE OR WHEAT IN FALL)

APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL ORIGINALLY AGRICULTURAL/STRIP MINE/OLD FIELD - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION

2 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY 5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM

5 LBS/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA 5 LBS/ACRE - BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS 1/2 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (GRAIN RYE IN FALL, OATS IN SPRING)

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSESS THE WORKING CONDITION OF THE E&S CONTROLS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED STRUCTURES, BLOCKED STRUCTURES, OR OTHER PROBLEMS IDENTIFIED DURING THE INSPECTIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED PROMPTLY. ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT DRAINAGE CONTROL FACILITIES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE DEVELOPER.

COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES ½ THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE OR FILTER SOCK AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION. IF PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS ARE USED ON SITE, THEY SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR BREAKS OR LEAKS. FILTER BAGS AND THEIR UNDERLYING EROSION PROTECTION MATERIALS (E.G. STRAW BALES AND GEOTEXTILE) WILL BE CLOSELY MONITORED. BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL. SPARE BAGS AND UNDERLYING MATERIALS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT. EROSION AND UNDERCUTTING OF FILTER BAGS SHALL BE PROMPTLY INSPECT THE SEDIMENT BASIN ON AT LEAST A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. PROVIDE ACCESS FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL AND OTHER REQUIRED MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES. A CLEAN OUT STAKE SHALL BE PLACED NEAR THE CENTER OF THE BASIN. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED THE CLEAN OUT ELEVATION ON THE STAKE AND THE BASIN RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS. DISPOSE OF MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE BASIN IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE E&S PLAN. BASIN EMBANKMENTS, SPILLWAYS, AND OUTLETS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EROSION, PIPING AND SETTLEMENT. NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY. DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE OUTLET ENERGY DISSIPATER SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED INSIDE THE BASIN BEFORE CONVERSION TO A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY STORMWATER DIVERSION CHANNELS AND CULVERTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY. THE STRUCTURES WILL BE MAINTAINED TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. WASHOUT AREAS WILL BE FILLED WITH SOIL AND STABILIZED. OUTFALLS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR EXCESSIVE EROSION AND REMEDIED AS NECESSARY.

TIF INLET ELEV.=1228

FINAL CONDITIONS

ELEV.=1227 (±0.5')

REVEGETATED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS EXHIBITING STRESSED VEGETATION OR SIGNS OF EROSION SHALL HAVE THE SEEDBED PREPARED AND SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED. UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS MUST BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE MUST INCLUDE INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. EACH INSPECTION SHOULD BE LOGGED ON THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE PADEP FORM 150-FM-BWEW0083 (VISUAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT). THESE LOGS WILL BE KEPT ONSITE AT ALL TIMES. ALL PREVENTATIVE AND REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK, INCLUDING THE CLEANOUT, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, RE-GRADING, RE-SEEDING, RE-MULCHING AND RE-NETTING OF BMP'S AND DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY. IF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS FAIL TO PERFORM AS EXPECTED, REPLACEMENT BMPS, OR MODIFICATIONS

SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN LANDSCAPED AREAS OUTSIDE OF STEEP SLOPES, WETLANDS, FLOODPLAINS OR DRAINAGE SWALES AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED OR PLACED IN TOPSOIL STOCKPILES OR FOR DAILY COVER AT SENECA LANDFILL. ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND WASTES REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT SITE WILL BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS AT 25 PA. CODE 260.1, ET SEQ., 271.1 AND 287.1 ET SEQ. IN ACCORDANCE WITH 25 PA. CODE, CHAPTER 78. SEDIMENTS FROM BMP'S SHALL BE REMOVED AS SPECIFIED IN THE MAINTENANCE FOR THAT BMP, SPREAD ON—SITE, AND STABILIZED ACCORDING TO THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. ALTERNATIVELY, SEDIMENT MAY BE USED AS A DAILY COVER MATERIAL AT SENECA LANDFILL. WASTES MAY INCLUDE, BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO, PIPE SCRAPS, GEOTEXTILE, SILT SOCK, FILTER BAGS, LUMBER, AND PERSONNEL TRASH. PLASTIC OR METAL MATERIALS WILL BE RECYCLED

NATURALLY OCCURRING GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS OR SOILS TYPES THAT MAY CAUSE POLLUTION THE PROJECT IS TO REMEDIATE AMD. DRAINAGE FROM GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO GENERATE AMD WILL DRAIN TO THE TREATMENT SYSTEM. POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., AND THE COMPLETE SET OF CALCULATIONS FOST-DEVELOPMENT RUNDER AND STURMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., AND THE COMPLETE SET OF CALCULATIONS CAN BE FOUND IN "THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (PCSM) PLAN". THIS IS A SEPARATE PLAN THAT HAS BEEN PREPARED AS A PART OF THIS PERMIT APPLICATION. SENECA LANDFILL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM UNTIL THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED. AFTER THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS APPROVED, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SITE WILL BE PERFORMED BY THE STREAM RESTORATION, INC.

THERMAL IMPACTS TO THE RECEIVING WATERS ARE NOT ANTICIPATED. THERE IS NO INCREASE IN IMPERVIOUS AREA FOR THIS PROJECT. STORMWATER WILL ALSO PASS THROUGH THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM BEFORE ENTERING ANY WATERWAY. THROUGH THESE MEASURES THERE SHOULD BE NO THERMAL IMPACT TO THE RECEIVING WATERS.

THE PROPOSED EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ARE NOT WITHIN SPECIAL PROTECTION OR SILTATION-IMPAIRED WATERSHEDS.

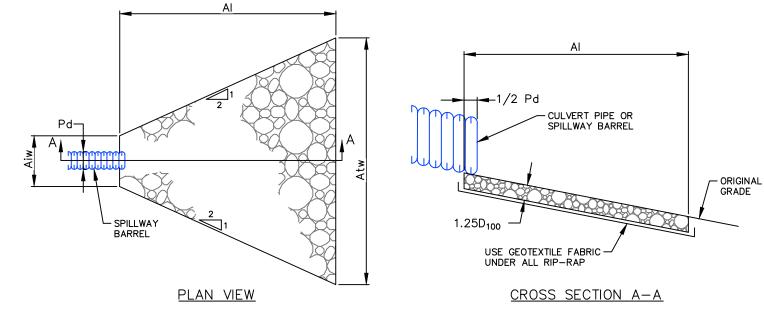
CONSTRUCTION IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN IN THE SUMMER/FALL OF 2018 OR THE SPRING OF 2019.

TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL. OTHER WASTES WILL BE DISPOSED IN THE SENECA LANDFILL.

OF THOSE INSTALLED WILL BE REQUIRED.

#1 AGGREGATE

THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED BY A PERSON TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN EROSION CONTROL METHODS AND TECHNIQUES THESE PLANS AND NARRATIVE WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., STATE COLLEGE, PA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM MANUAL, MARCH 2012.



RIP-RAP INITIAL TERMINAL THICK. LENGTH WIDTH WIDTH OUTLET NO. DIA Pd SIZE | LRt | AI | Aiw | Atw VFP 6 3 9 26 6 32 NOTE: UNIT WEIGHT OF ROCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 165 pcf. ROCK RIP-RAP SHALL BE WELL-GRADED CRUSHED STONE COMPLYING WITH PennDOT 408, SECTION 850.

5 PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION

-EXTEND EXCAVATION AT SPECIFIED SLOPE WHERE NECESSARY LINE WITH ~0.5' CALCAREOUS AASHTO ~

PLACE EXCESS MATERIAL

ON DOWN-SLOPE SIDE

6 TERRACED IRON FORMATION (TIF)

- COMPACTED SOIL BACKFILL (MIN.)UNDISTURBED AASHTO NO. 2A AGGREGATE OF EQUIVALENT MATERIAL BEDDING CORRUGATED ADS PIPE -PROVIDE MINIMUM 12" SPACING WHEN MULTIPLE CULVERTS ARE PROPOSED.

2 VFP EMERGENCY SPILLWAY SECTION

NSCA RIP-RAP GRADATIONS

NOTE: UNIT WEIGHT OF ROCK SHALL BE APPROXIMATELY 165 pcf

COMPLYING WITH PennDOT 408, SECTION 850.

ROCK RIP-RAP SHALL BE WELL-GRADED CRUSHED STONE

REINFORCEMENT MAT -

PERMISSIBLE

VELOCITY (fps)

9.0

D₀ (in)

12

NSCA NO.

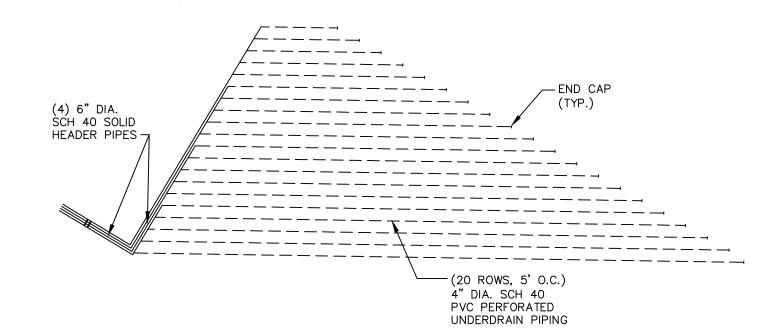
R-4

¬ ANCHOR

(TYP.)

CULVERT SCHEDULE SLOPE LENGTH DRAINED Q REQ'D (acre) (cfs) COVER (in) Q' AVAIL CULVERT (cfs) 0.98 2.06 5.38 12 2 35 2 12 18 UNT TO SLIPPERY ROCK CREEK 11.36 14.09 20.23 12 3 15 2 CULVERT 2 0.73 2.46 4.66 12 3 25 1 12 TIF CHANNEL

3 CULVERT DETAIL



LINING INSTALLATION CHANNEL SCHEDULE CHANNEL DEPTH WIDTH (B) WIDTH (T) SLOPES IDE LINING TCC-1 2.0 8.0 1.5 2/2 0.5 TRM/VEG TCC-2 2.0 6.0 1.0 2/2 0.5 TRM/VEG CC-1 2.0 6.0 1.0 2/2 0.5 TRM/VEG STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL 1 DC-1 2.0 8.0 1.5 TRM / VEG 0.5

7 CHANNEL CROSS-SECTION DETAIL

(814) 238-2060

4 JVFP PIPE PLAN

REVISIONS TERRACED IRON FORMATION DETAIL ADDED, PCSM NOTES UPDATED Balanced Environmental Solutioı

VOGEL LANDFILL, INC. 10/27/17 **SR89 PROJECT** DRAWN BY: PA STATE GAME LANDS NO. 95 CHECKED: PENNSYLVANIA POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER BAI DRAWING NO: MANAGEMENT PLAN - DETAILS & NOTES VOGEL-082D001K R2

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP BUTLER COUNTY

Delaware Valley Office

PCSM-4 (610) 495-5585

VEGETATED CHANNELS