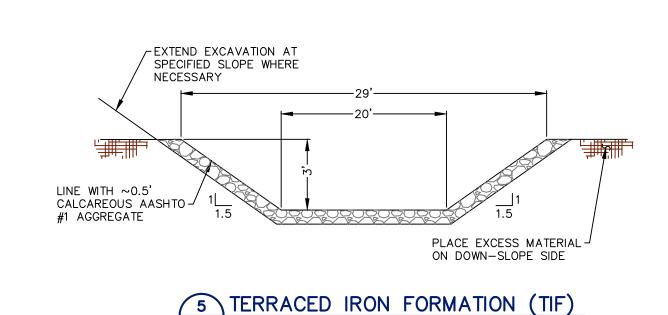


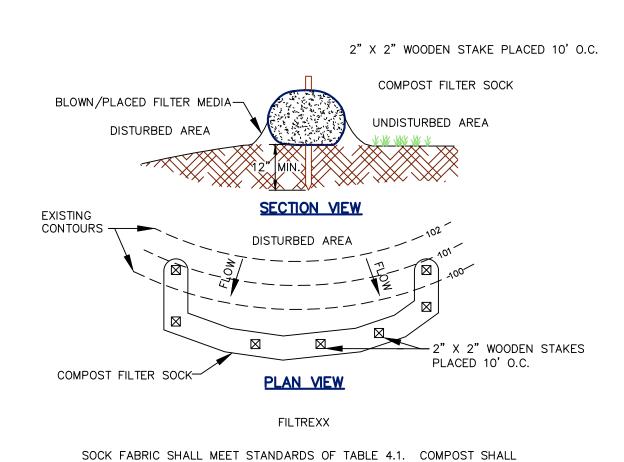
2 JVFP PIPE PLAN



6 NOT TO SCALE

MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.2

IF SO SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.



DISCHARGE HOSE INTAKE HOSE HEAVY DUTY LIFTING STRAPS (RECOMMENDED WELL VEGETATED,

INTAKE HOSE¹

WELL VEGETATED, GRASSY AREA

ELEVATION VIEW PA DEP

GRASSY AREA

DISCHARGE HOSE

LOW-VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH, DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE SEAMS. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS MAY BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%
AOS % RETAINED	ASTM D-4751	80 SIEVE

A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES MUST BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.

BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE

NO DOWNSLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHOULD BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE.

THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.

FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.

5 PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG

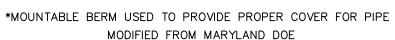
MOUNTABLE BERM -EXISTING 7 (6" MIN.)* EXISTING ROADWAY ─ EARTH FILL GEOTEXTILE -NECESSARY **PROFILE** ROADWAY PLAN VIEW

REMOVE TOPSOIL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. EXTEND ROCK OVER FULL WIDTH OF ENTRANCE.

MOUNTABLE BERM SHOULD BE INSTALLED WHEREVER OPTIONAL CULVERT PIPE IS USED AND PROPER PIPE COVER AS SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER IS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED. PIPE SHALL BE SIZED APPROPRIATELY FOR SIZE OF DITCH BEING CROSSED.

MAINTENANCE: ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. A STOCKPILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR THIS PURPOSE. ALL SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IMMEDIATELY. IF EXCESSIVE AMOUNTS OF SEDIMENT ARE BEING DEPOSITED ON ROADWAY, EXTEND LENGTH OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BY 50 FEET INCREMENTS UNTIL CONDITION IS ALLEVIATED OR INSTALL WASH RACK. WASHING THE ROADWAY OR SWEEPING THE DEPOSITS INTO ROADWAY DITCHES, SEWERS, CULVERTS, OR OTHER DRAINAGE COURSES IS NOT





RUNOFF SHALL BE DIVERTED FROM ROADWAY TO A SUITABLE SEDIMENT REMOVAL BMP PRIOR TO ENTERING ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

> DESCRIBED ELSEWHERE IN THE PLAN. SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.

BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCK SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER SIX MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL

BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE PLACED AT EXISTING LEVEL GRADE.

TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS FILTER SOCKS.

BOTH ENDS OF THE SOCK SHALL BE EXTENDED AT LEAST 8 FEET UP

SLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN SOCK ALIGNMENT. MAXIMUM SLOPE

4.2. STAKES MAY BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY DOWNSLOPE OF THE SOCK

ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/2 THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE SOCK AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER

LENGTH ABOVE ANY SOCK SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT SHOWN ON FIGURE

UPON STABILIZATION OF THE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE SOCK, STAKES SHALL BE REMOVED. THE SOCK MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AND VEGETATED OR REMOVED. IN THE LATTER CASE, THE MESH SHALL BE CUT OPEN AND THE MULCH SPREAD AS A SOIL SUPPLEMENT.



TABLE 4.1 COMPOST SOCK FABRIC MINIMUM SPECIFICATIONS

					HEAVY-DUTY
MATERIAL TYPE	3 MIL HDPE	5 MIL HDPE	5 MIL HDPE	MULTI-FILAMENT	MULTI-FILAMENT
				POLYPROPYLENE	POLYPROPYLENE
				(MFPP)	(HDMFPP)
MATERIAL	РНОТО-	РНОТО-	BIO-	РНОТО-	РНОТО-
CHARACTERISTICS	DEGRADABLE	DEGRADABLE	DEGRADABLE	DEGRADABLE	DEGRADABLE
		12"	12"	12"	12"
SOCK	12"	18"	18"	18"	18"
DIAMETERS	18"	24"	24"	24"	24"
		32"	32"	32"	32"
MESH OPENING	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"	3/8"
TENSILE					
STRENGTH		26 PSI	26 PSI	44 PSI	202 PSI
ULTRAVIOLET STABILITY % ORIGINAL					
STRENGTH	23% AT	23% AT		100% AT	100% AT
(ASTM G-155)	1000 HR.	1000 HR.		1000 HR.	1000 HR.
MINIMUM FUNCTIONAL LONGEVITY	6 MONTHS	9 MONTHS	6 MONTHS	1 YEAR	2 YEARS
		TWO-PLY	SYSTEMS		
				HDPE BIAXIAL NE	Т
				CONTINUOUSLY WOU	JND

1110 121	313121113
	HDPE BIAXIAL NET
	CONTINUOUSLY WOUND
INNER CONTAINMENT NETTING	FUSION-WELDED JUNCTURES
	3/4" X 3/4" MAX. APERTURE SIZE
OUTER FILTRATION MESH	COMPOSITE POLYPROPYLENE FABRIC (WOVEN LAYER AND NON-WOVEN FLEECE MECHANICALLY FUSED VIA NEEDLE PUNCH)
	3/16" MAX. APERTURE SIZE
SOCK FABRICS COMPOSED OF BURLAP MAY BE U	JSED ON PROJECTS LASTING 6 MONTHS OR LESS.

ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT	80%-100% (DRY WEIGHT BASIS)
ORGANIC PORTION	FIBROUS AND ELONGATED
рН	5.5-8.0
MOISTURE CONTENT	35%-55%
PARTICLE SIZE	98% PASS THROUGH 1" SCREEN
SOLUBLE SALT CONCENTRATION	5.0 dS MAXIMUM

	REVISIONS	
N S	5/24 2018 REVISED JVFP PIPE PLAN DETAIL	СМВ
SRO OSI		
Balanced Environmental Solutions		
VOCEI	LANDELL INC	

Balanced Environmental Solution	S							
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WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP	BUTLER COUNT	Y PENNSYLVANIA	CHECKED:					
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	DETAILS							
State College Office	e	Delaware Valley Office	SHEET NO.					
(814) 238-2060	•	(610) 495-5585	6 OF 7					

RESOLUTION TO SOIL LIMITATIONS (SEE TABLE 1 THIS SHEET FOR SOIL LIMITATIONS)

 CUTBANKS / CAVING: CONDUCT TRENCHING OPERATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR TRENCHING.

CONFORM WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

- PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PROTECT ALL CONCRETE AND STEEL FROM CORROSION BY USING PREVENTATIVE
- WHEN BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED; IT SHALL BE REMOVED BY MECHANICAL METHODS OR BLASTING. BLASTING SHALL
- TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT SLOPE FAILURE BY FLATTENING CUT / FILL SLOPES, NOT OVERLOADING, MAINTAINING LATERAL SUPPORT, AND PREVENTING SATURATION OF SOILS. AVOID USING FOR ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. FLOODING/HYDRIC/SLOW PERCOLATION/PONDING/WETNESS/SEASONAL HIGH WATER TABLE: EXCAVATIONS IN SOILS THAT HAVE THESE CHARACTERISTICS WILL LIKELY ENCOUNTER WATER. DEWATER WITH APPROPRIATE MEANS SUCH AS PUMP WATER FILTER BAGS, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC.
- SOILS THAT HAVE POTENTIAL TO SWELL, SHRINK, OR HEAVE MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ROADWAYS OR PADS WHERE FOUNDATIONS ARE CRITICAL. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF SOILS WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL MAY BE REQUIRED.
- 7. POOR TOPSOIL / DROUGHTY / WETNESS: SOIL TEST IS ENCOURAGED TO DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE APPLICATIONS OF SOIL AMENDMENTS TO PROMOTE GROWTH. IDENTIFY SOILS ON-SITE THAT ARE FAIR SOURCES OF TOPSOIL, STRIP AND STOCKPILE FOR USE DURING RESTORATION.
- PROVIDE PROTECTIVE LINING, SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS (ROLLS OR HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED), TRACKING SLOPES, UPSTREAM DIVERSIONS, WATERBARS, ETC., TO MINIMIZE EROSION OF THE SOILS.

CHARACTERISTICS OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, INCLUDING PAST, PRESENT AND PROPOSED LAND USE PROPOSED ALTERATIONS TO THE AREA

THE PROJECT IS LOCATED ON PENNSYLVANIA GAME LANDS NO. 95. THE LAND IS OPERATED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION FOR WILDLIFE HABITAT AND PUBLIC HUNTING GROUNDS. THE IMMEDIATE PROJECT AREA HAS BEEN AFFECTED BY PAST MINING OPERATIONS THROUGH VARIOUS DISCHARGES OF AMD. THE AMD HAS SEVERELY AFFECTED THE DOWNSTREAM NON-FUNCTIONAL WETLAND AREA WHICH WILL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS PART OF THIS REMEDIATION PROJECT. SURROUNDING AREAS ON THE SITE CONSIST OF WOODED AREAS, ACCESS ROADS, AND SPOIL PILES FROM PAST MINING OPERATIONS. REFER TO APPENDIX A FOR THE LOCATION MAP OF THE PROJECT SITE.

DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT WILL CONSIST OF REMOVAL OF EXISTING TREES AND SOIL PILES WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM. THE PROJECT AREA AND LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE CONSIST OF APPROXIMATELY 9.38 ACRES. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL STRUCTURES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE PROJECT TO PREVENT IMPACTS TO ADJACENT WATERS DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. THE CONSTRUCTED PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS: A TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL, A JENNINGS-TYPE VERTICAL FLOW POND, AND A WETLAND AREA. CONCEPTUAL DESIGN OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WAS CONDUCTED BY STREAM RESTORATION, INC.

PROJECT SITE RUNOFF

SURFACE WATER FROM THE PROJECT AREA WILL ACCESS THE COMMONWEALTH SURFACE WATER SYSTEM THROUGH AN UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO SLIPPERY ROCK CREEK (CWF). THE SURFACE WATER IS CONSIDERED IMPAIRED DUE TO METALS AND SILTATION FROM ACID MINE DRAINAGE.

BMP DESCRIPTION NARRATIVE

STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SEQUENCING THE OPERATIONS AND USING A SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT EROSION AND OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. SITE WORK WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A SHORT TIMEFRAME AND WILL BE STABILIZED AS WORK PROGRESSES. THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARY BMP'S WILL BE UTILIZED:

• A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE UTILIZED AT THE ENTRANCE FROM THE ACCESS ROAD. THE ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAIL 3 ON SHEET 6 OF THE DRAWING SET.

• FILTER FABRIC FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED DOWNGRADIENT OF DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE DRAINING TO SEDIMENT BASIN 1. AS SHOWN ON E&S PLAN DRAWINGS. FABRIC FILTER FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK

• SEDIMENTATION BASIN NO. 1 WILL ALSO BE USED TO CONTROL SEDIMENT LEAVING THE SITE. THIS BASIN IS GENERALLY EXISTING, ALTHOUGH SOME IMPROVEMENTS ARE PROPOSED. THE BASIN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET.

• SEDIMENT FILTER BAGS MAY BE USED IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE PUMPED THROUGH THE SEDIMENTATION BASIN 1

• CHANNELS AND CULVERTS WILL BE USED TO CONVEY OR DIVERT STORMWATER THROUGHOUT THE SITE. REFER TO THE IHL DRAWING SET. ROCK APRONS WILL BE USED AT PIPE DISCHARGES. SEE DETAIL ON SHEET 5

• UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE A CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED FOUR DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&S PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.

ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 6 OF THE DRAWING SET.

PERMANENT BMP'S WILL CONSIST OF:

• DISTURBED AREAS NOT UTILIZED FOR THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL RECEIVE TOPSOIL (IF NEEDED) AND SOIL AMENDMENTS, PERMANENT SEEDING, AND MULCH AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS.

• SEDIMENTATION BASIN 1 WILL BE CONVERTED TO A WETLAND ON THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA. THE WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN DRAWINGS.

ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

PERMANENT BMP'S WILL CONSIST OF:

• DISTURBED AREAS NOT UTILIZED AS LAYDOWN/STORAGE AREAS WILL RECEIVE TOPSOIL (IF NEEDED) AND SOIL AMENDMENTS, PERMANENT SEEDING, AND MULCH AS SPECIFIED IN THE PLANS. • A WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ON THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA. THE WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN DRAWINGS.

STAGING OF EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES

AT LEAST 3 DAYS BEFORE STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, ALL CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN THESE ACTIVITIES SHALL NOTIFY THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INCORPORATED AT 811 TO LOCATE BURIED UTILITIES.

THE INTENT OF THE PLAN IS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BY LIMITING THE WORK AREA ALLOWED AND BY STABILIZING THE WORK AREA AS THE CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSES. THIS PLAN ALSO SEEKS TO MINIMIZE THE EXTENT AND DURATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE AS WELL AS KEEP COMPACTION OF SOILS TO A MINIMUM. GIVEN THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT, A REDUCTION IN STORMWATER RUNOFF IS ANTICIPATED DUE TO PROMOTION OF VEGETATION AND RESTORATION OF WETLANDS CURRENTLY DESIGNATED AS NON-FUNCTIONING.

CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PLACE THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL AWAY FROM STREAM BANKS, DRAINAGE CHANNELS AND VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS AS APPLICABLE. PROTECT EXISTING DRAINAGE FEATURES AND VEGETATION NOT PROPOSED TO BE DISTURBED. STOCKPILES THAT ARE GOING TO REMAIN FOR LONGER THAN FOUR DAYS SHALL IMMEDIATELY RECEIVE A TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCH FOR STABILIZATION. RESTORATION WORK SHALL BE DONE AS THE PROJECT PROGRESSES, AND NOT BE LEFT UNTIL THE END OF THE JOB. AT A MINIMUM, NO AREA SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED WITHOUT SOME FORM OF STABILIZATION, UNLESS SUBJECT TO CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. THE PROJECT WILL NOT GENERATE ANY WASTE. IF UNKNOWN WASTES ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING THE PROJECT, THEY WILL BE DISPOSED OF BY DEP REGULATIONS AS NOTED BELOW.

A SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS TO ACHIEVE THE ABOVE IS AS FOLLOWS:

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE:

- 1. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING), THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE PLAN PREPARER, THE LAND MANAGEMENT GROUP SUPERVISOR FOR THE PGC, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM BUTLER COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 2. MOBILIZE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS TO THE PROJECT SITE.
- 3. CONSTRUCT AND INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE APPROPRIATELY THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE AND STABILIZE TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.
- 4. INSTALL PROTECTIVE BARRIER AROUND AREAS TO BE PROTECTED, SUCH AS WETLANDS AND STREAMS. PROTECTIVE BARRIERS MAY BE EARTHEN BERM, ORANGE SAFETY FENCE, JERSEY BARRIERS, OR SIMILAR.
- 5. INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP'S AS DIRECTED ON THE PLANS AND AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION. EARTH DISTURBANCE CANNOT OCCUR UNTIL E&S BMP'S HAVE BEEN INSTALLED TO TREAT THE WATERSHED AREA IN WHICH
- 6. INSTALL COMPOST FILTER SOCK AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS (CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHOULD BE LIMITED TO WHAT IS NECESSARY FOR INSTALLATION). ALL INSTALLED BMP'S SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER RUNOFF EVENTS. UPON INSPECTION, NECESSARY REPÁIRS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY THE CONTRACTOR. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF CONTROLS.
- 7. CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 BY CONSTRUCTING A SOIL BERM AT THE NORTH END OF THE PROJECT AREA. REMOVE IRON MAT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF BERM. INSTALL THE PIPE BARREL AND RISER FOR THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. INSTALL RIPRAP APRON AT OUTLET OF BARREL PIPE. INSTALL TRASH RACK ON PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY RISER PIPE. GRADE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CHANNEL OVER THE SOIL BERM, STABILIZE THE BERM AND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND INSTALL TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.
- 8. REMOVE THE EXISTING 8-INCH DIAMETER PVC PIPE CULVERT. REMOVE OR PLUG THE EXISTING 12-INCH DIAMETER CONCRETE PIPE CULVERT WHICH CROSSES THE LOWER ACCESS ROAD.
- 9. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-1, TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-2, TEMPORARY CULVERT 1 AND PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION INCLUDING DISTURBED AREA LOCATED UPSLOPE OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD.
- 10. PERFORM CLEARING OF EXISTING TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE. TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH REMOVED FOR THE PROJECT WILL BE PLACED IN PILES ON THE PROPERTY IN AREAS AS APPROVED BY PA GAME COMMISSION OFFICIALS.
- 11. CONSTRUCT VERTICAL FLOW POND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 12. PERFORM EXCAVATION OF CONSTRUCTION AREA MINE SPOIL PILE. EXCAVATED SPOIL MATERIALS WILL BE STOCKPILED IN THE EXISTING STRIP CUT FROM PREVIOUS MINING OPERATIONS. EXCESS SOIL MATERIAL WILL REMAIN AS PERMANENT FILL IN THE AREA. FILL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE GRADE ELEVATION SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY.
- 13. CONSTRUCT TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 14. PERFORM FINAL GRADING OF PROJECT AREA AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.
- 15. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREA, CONVERT TCC-2 INTO DIVERSION CHANNEL DC-1 AND CONSTRUCT THE REMAINDER OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE ENTIRE CHANNEL AREA, SIDESLOPES, AND OUTLET ACCORDING TO DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.
- 16. INSTALL CULVERT 1 FOR CROSSING UNDER THE EXISTING LOWER ACCESS ROAD FOR DISCHARGE OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS ONCE INSTALLATION OF DC-1 AND CULVERT 1 IS COMPLETED.
- 17. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREAS, REMOVE TEMPORARY CHANNEL TCC-1 AND TEMPORARY CULVERT 1. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 18. CONVERT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 TO THE WETLAND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREA WHICH ACHIEVE
- 19. IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION, EXCESS WATER WILL BE PUMPED OFFSITE. PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS WILL BE USED TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE PUMPED THROUGH THE SEDIMENTATION BASIN 1.
- 20. BAGS SHOULD BE LOCATED IN WELL VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREAS AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. FILTER BAGS WILL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL. THE USE OF FILTER BAGS WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE CONSTRUCTION AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND SUCCESSFULLY REVEGETATED
- 21. REMOVE ANY DEBRIS AND ENSURE ADEQUATE FLOW IN PERMANENT STORMWATER DIVERSION STRUCTURES. REPAIR PERMANENT E&S CONTROL STRUCTURES AS NECESSARY. REMOVE THE TEMPORARY E&S CONTROL MEASURES ONCE VEGETATION HAS BECOME ESTABLISHED (>70% COVER).
- 22. DEMOBILIZATION OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS FROM THE SITE.

DEVIATION FROM THE SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY BE NECESSARY BASED ON SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS AND OCCURRENCES AT THE TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED AT THE SITE AT ANY TIME NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT IN A TIMELY MANNER.

SEEDING AND MULCHING

FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.

UPON FINAL COMPLETION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL IMMEDIATELY HAVE TOPSOIL RESTORED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BMPS CAN BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE MEETS FINAL STABILIZATION. FINAL STABILIZATION MEANS THAT ALL SOIL-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETED, AND THAT EITHER A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY OF 70% OR GREATER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED OR THAT AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH PERMANENTLY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION HAS BEEN INSTALLED. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE 70% REQUIREMENT REFERS TO THE TOTAL AREA VEGETATED AND NOT JUST A PERCENT OF THE SITE.

TOPSOIL WILL BE REPLACED PRIOR TO STABILIZATION. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH ONE OF THE CORRESPONDING MIXTURES FROM THE LIST BELOW. THE PGC WILL BE CONSULTED PRIOR TO VEGETATION. DEPENDING ON WHAT THE FINAL GRADE AROUND THE TREATMENT SYSTEM LOOKS LIKE, THE PGC MAY CHOOSE OTHER MIXES FOR LOWER MAINTENANCE. AN APPROPRIATE WETLAND SEED MIX (ERNST PASSIVE ACID MINE OBL WETLAND MIX OR SIMILAR) WILL BE USED TO VEGETATE THE WETLAND. APPLY LIME AND FERTILIZER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. IF SOIL TEST RESULTS ARE UNAVAILABLE, APPLY AGRICULTURAL GRADE LIME AT A RATE OF 6 TONS PER ACRE AND APPLY 10-20-20 FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 1000 LBS/ACRE. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF AT LEAST 3 TONS PER ACRE.

PREFERRED SEED MIX: ALL STEEP SLOPES, PIPELINES, & DURING OPERATIONS

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM

10 LBS/ACRES - CANADA WILDRYE

10 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY 3 LBS/ACRE - ALSIKE CLOVER

3 LBS/ACRE - LADINO CLOVER

1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, WINTER GRAIN RYE IN FALL) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

ALTERNATE SEED MIXES: ORIGINALLY FORESTED - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION

5 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY 5 LBS/ACRE BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE

1 LB/ACRE - INDIANGRASS

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM 1 LB/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA

1 LB/ACRE - SWITCHGRASS

1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS

1/4 LB/ACRF - MAXIMILLIAN SUNFLOWER

1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, GRAIN RYE OR WHEAT IN FALL) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

ORIGINALLY AGRICULTURAL/STRIP MINE/OLD FIELD - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION

2 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY

5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM

5 LBS/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA 5 LBS/ACRE - BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS

½ BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (GRAIN RYE IN FALL, OATS IN SPRING)

E&S MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSESS THE WORKING CONDITION OF THE E&S CONTROLS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED STRUCTURES, BLOCKED STRUCTURES, OR OTHER PROBLEMS IDENTIFIED DURING THE INSPECTIONS SHALL BE

ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE

RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT DRAINAGE CONTROL FACILITIES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE DEVELOPER.

COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES ½ THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE OR FILTER SOCK AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.

IF PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS ARE USED ON SITE, THEY SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR BREAKS OR LEAKS. FILTER BAGS AND THEIR UNDERLYING EROSION PROTECTION MATERIALS (E.G. STRAW BALES AND GEOTEXTILE) WILL BE CLOSELY MONITORED. BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL. SPARE BAGS AND UNDERLYING MATERIALS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT. EROSION AND UNDERCUTTING OF FILTER BAGS SHALL BE PROMPTLY REPAIRED.

INSPECT THE SEDIMENT BASIN ON AT LEAST A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. PROVIDE ACCESS FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL AND OTHER REQUIRED MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES. A CLEAN OUT STAKE SHALL BE PLACED NEAR THE CENTER OF THE BASIN. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED THE CLEAN OUT ELEVATION ON THE STAKE AND THE BASIN RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS. DISPOSE OF MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE BASIN IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE E&S PLAN.

BASIN EMBANKMENTS. SPILLWAYS. AND OUTLETS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EROSION. PIPING AND SETTLEMENT. NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY. DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE OUTLET ENERGY DISSIPATER SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED INSIDE THE BASIN BEFORE CONVERSION TO A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY.

STORMWATER DIVERSION CHANNELS AND CULVERTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY. THE STRUCTURES WILL BE MAINTAINED TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. WASHOUT AREAS WILL BE FILLED WITH SOIL AND STABILIZED. OUTFALLS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR EXCESSIVE EROSION AND REMEDIED AS NECESSARY.

REVEGETATED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS EXHIBITING STRESSED VEGETATION OR SIGNS OF EROSION SHALL HAVE THE SEEDBED PREPARED AND SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED.

UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS MUST BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE MUST INCLUDE INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. EACH INSPECTION SHOULD BE LOGGED ON THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE PADEP FORM 150-FM-BWEW0083 (VISUAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT). THESE LOGS WILL BE KEPT ONSITE AT ALL TIMES. ALL PREVENTATIVE AND REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK, INCLUDING THE CLEANOUT, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, RE-GRADING, RE-SEEDING, RE-MULCHING AND RE-NETTING OF BMP'S AND DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY. IF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS FAIL TO PERFORM AS EXPECTED, REPLACEMENT BMPS, OR MODIFICATIONS OF THOSE INSTALLED WILL BE REQUIRED.

SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN LANDSCAPED AREAS OUTSIDE OF STEEP SLOPES, WETLANDS, FLOODPLAINS OR DRAINAGE SWALES AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED OR PLACED IN TOPSOIL STOCKPILES OR FOR DAILY COVER AT

MATERIAL RECYCLING AND DISPOSAL

SENECA LANDFILL.

ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND WASTES REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT SITE WILL BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS AT 25 PA. CODE 260.1, ET SEQ., 271.1 AND 287.1 ET SEQ. IN ACCORDANCE WITH 25 PA. CODE, CHAPTER 78. SEDIMENTS FROM BMP'S SHALL BE REMOVED AS SPECIFIED IN THE MAINTENANCE FOR THAT BMP, SPREAD ON-SITE, AND STABILIZED ACCORDING TO THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. ALTERNATIVELY, SEDIMENT MAY BE USED AS A DAILY COVER MATERIAL AT SENECA LANDFILL. WASTES MAY INCLUDE. BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO, PIPE SCRAPS, GEOTEXTILE, SILT SOCK, FILTER BAGS, LUMBER, AND PERSONNEL TRASH. PLASTIC OR METAL MATERIALS WILL BE RECYCLED TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL. OTHER WASTES WILL BE DISPOSED IN THE SENECA LANDFILL.

NATURALLY OCCURRING GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS OR SOILS TYPES THAT MAY CAUSE POLLUTION

THE PROJECT IS TO REMEDIATE AMD. DRAINAGE FROM GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO GENERATE AMD WILL DRAIN TO THE TREATMENT SYSTEM.

POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., AND THE COMPLETE SET OF CALCULATIONS CAN BE FOUND IN "THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (PCSM) PLAN". THIS IS A SEPARATE PLAN THAT HAS BEEN PREPARED AS A PART OF THIS PERMIT APPLICATION. SENECA LANDFILL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM UNTIL THE NOTICI OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED. AFTER THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS APPROVED, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SITE WILL BE PERFORMED BY THE STREAM RESTORATION, INC.

THERMAL IMPACTS

THERMAL IMPACTS TO THE RECEIVING WATERS ARE NOT ANTICIPATED. THERE IS NO INCREASE IN IMPERVIOUS AREA FOR THIS PROJECT. STORMWATER WILL ALSO PASS THROUGH THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM BEFORE ENTERING ANY WATERWAY. THROUGH THESE MEASURES THERE SHOULD BE NO THERMAL IMPACT TO THE RECEIVING WATERS.

ANTIDEGRADATION REQUIREMENTS

THE PROPOSED EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ARE NOT WITHIN SPECIAL PROTECTION OR SILTATION-IMPAIRED WATERSHEDS.

CONSTRUCTION IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN IN THE SPRING/SUMMER OF 2018.

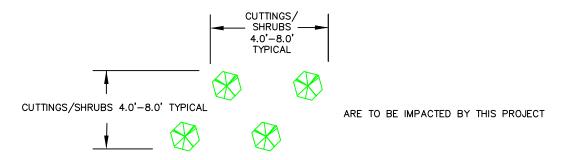
<u>EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED BY A PERSON TRAINED AND</u> EXPERIENCED IN EROSION CONTROL METHODS AND TECHNIQUES

THESE PLANS AND NARRATIVE WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., STATE COLLEGE, PA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM MANUAL,

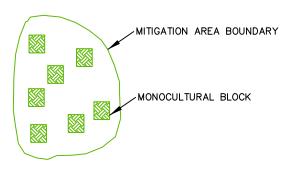
TABLE 1: LIM	ITA	TIONS	o o F	PEN	NNS	YLVANIA	SOILS	S PERT	AININ	G TO	EARTI	H DIS	TURE	BANCE	PROJ	ECTS
SOIL NAME	CUTBANKS CAVE	CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE/STEEL	DROUGHTY	EASILY ERODIBLE	FLOODING	DEPTH TO SATURATED ZONE/ SEASONAL HIGH	HYDRIC/HYDRIC INCLUSIONS	LOW STRENGH / LANDSLIDE PRONE	SLOW PERCOLATION	PIPING	POOR SOURCE OF TOPSOIL	FROST ACTION	SHRINK - SWELL	POTENTIAL SINKHOLE	PONDING	WETNESS
Buchanon	Χ	C/S		Χ				Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ			Χ
Fluvaquents	Х	C/S		Х				Χ			Χ		Χ			Х
Hazelton/Gilpin	Х	C/S		Х				Χ			Χ		Х			
Udorthents	Х	C/S	Χ	Х				Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ			Х

Balanced Environmental Solutions	2010						
VOGEL	DATE: 6/01/15						
SF	89 PROJE	СТ	DRAWN BY:				
PA STATE	GAME LA	NDS NO. 95	SWH				
WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP	BUTLER COUNT	Y PENNSYLVANIA	CHECKED:				
EBOSION AND SED	EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL PLAN						
EROSION AND SED		ON CONTROL PLAN	BAI DRAWING NO:				
	NOTES		VOGEL-108D001G	R'			
State College Office		Delaware Valley Office	SHEET NO.				
(814) 238-2060	•	(610) 495-5585	7 OF 7				

REVISIONS



PLAN VIEW - PLANT SPACING WITHIN MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS



PLAN VIEW - RANDOMLY SPACED MONOCULTURAL PLANTING BLOCKS

- TYPICAL SPACING IS APPROXIMATE. PLANTS SHOULD BE LOCATED RANDOMLY TO AVOID THE APPEARANCE OF ORGANIZED ROWS WITHIN THE MONOCULTURAL PLANTING BLOCKS.
- SHRUBS ARE TO BE PLANTED IN THE PLANTING ZONES IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANTING SCHEDULE. MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS SHOULD CONTAIN 10-20 PLANTS IN SHRUB ZONES. MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY IN 50' INTERVALS, OR AS DIRECTED OR MODIFIED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.





SENECA LANDFILL, INC.

SR 89 REMEDIATION PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION

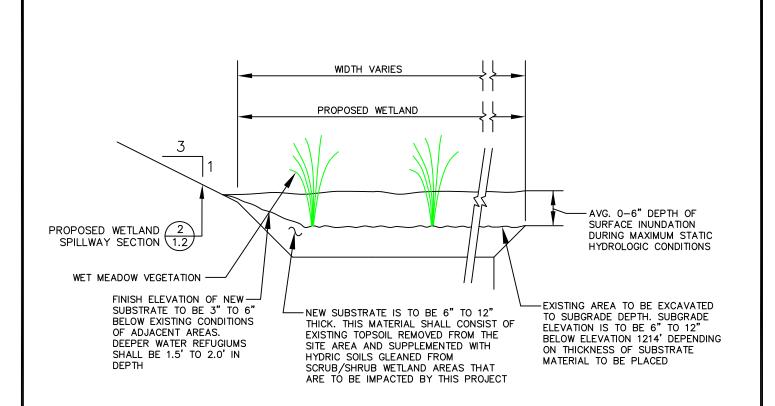
JACKSON TOWNSHIP BUTLER COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

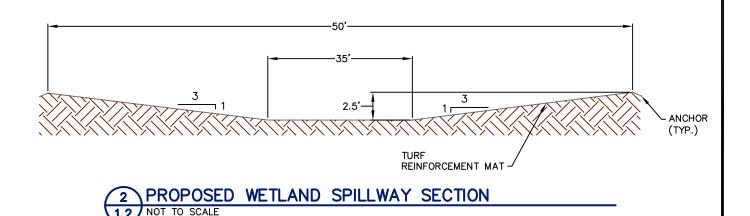
TYPICAL PLANT SPACING DETAIL

State College Office **Delaware Valley Office**

(814) 238-2060 (610) 495-5585 DATE: 11/13/18 DRAWN BY: CHECKED: PW **CJE** BAI DRAWING NO: VOG-108A003AB



PROPOSED WETLAND AREA CROSS-SECTION NOT TO SCALE





SENECA LANDFILL, INC.

SR 89 REMEDIATION PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION

JACKSON TOWNSHIP

BUTLER COUNTY PROPOSED WETLAND AREA CROSS

SECTION AND SPILLWAY

PENNSYLVANIA

11/13/18

DRAWN BY:

DATE:

CHECKED: PW CJE

BAI DRAWING NO:

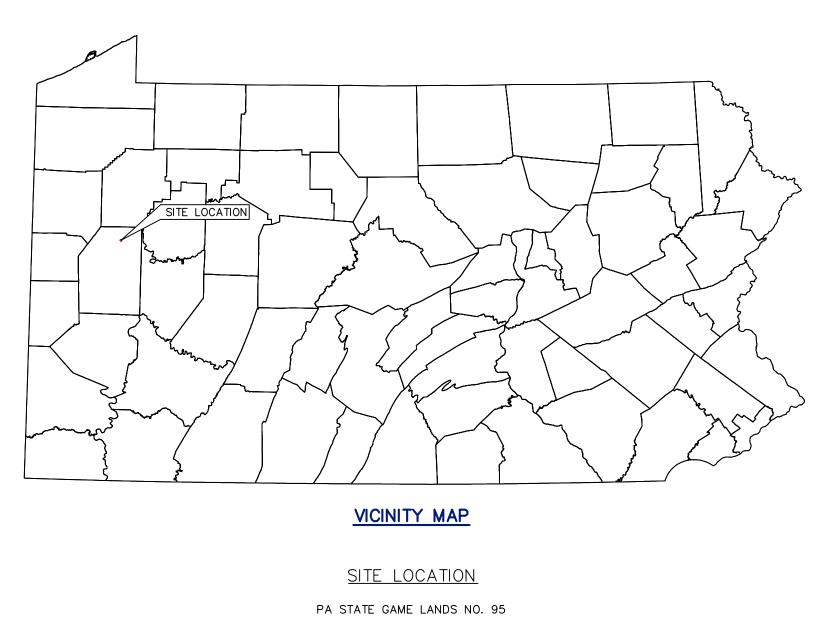
VOG-108A003AB

State College Office (814) 238-2060

Delaware Valley Office (610) 495-5585

VOGEL LANDFILL, INC. SR89 PROJECT PA STATE GAME LANDS NO. 95

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP, BUTLER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA
POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN
DECEMBER 2017
REVISED DECEMBER 2018



PREPARED FOR:

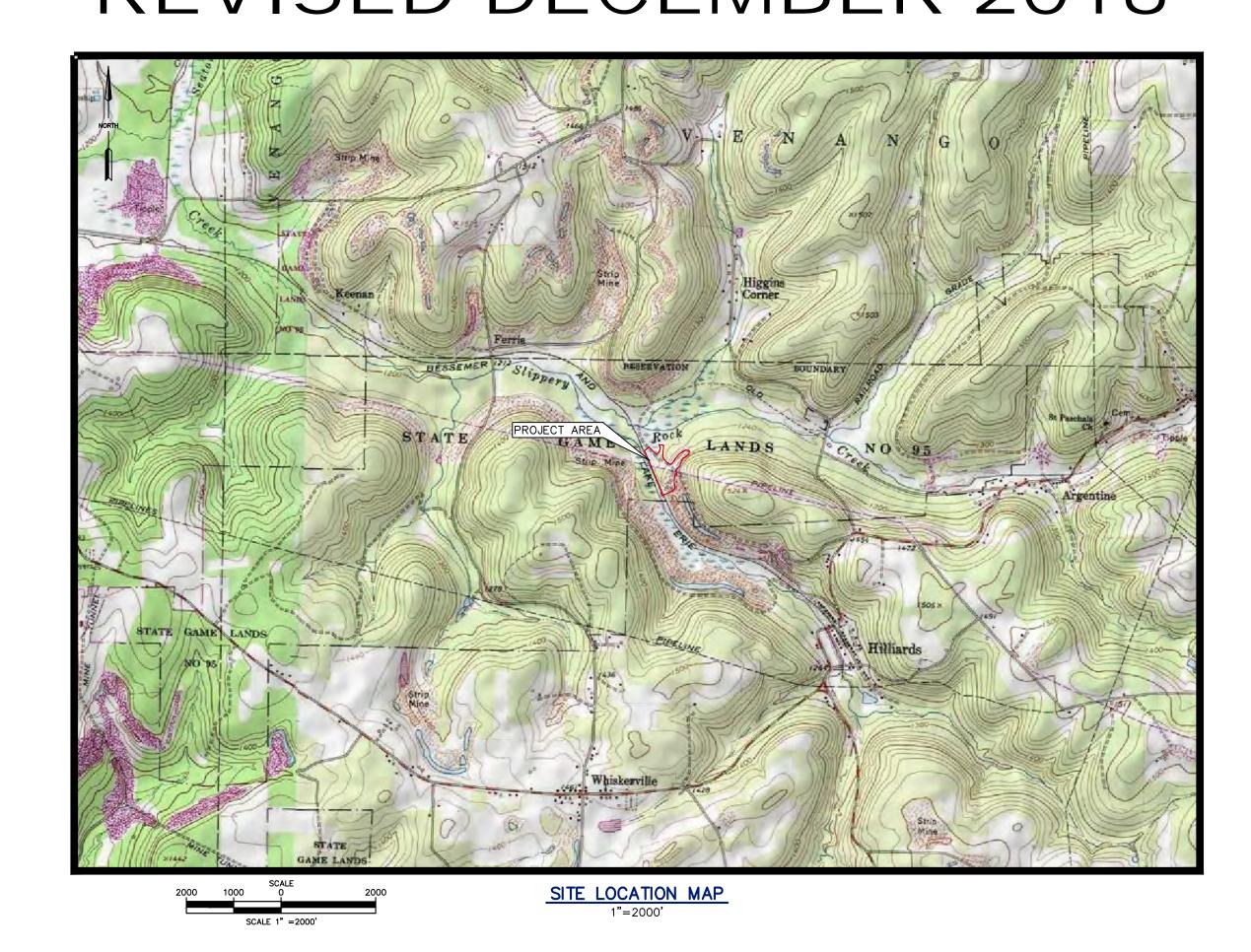
VOGEL DISPOSAL SERVICE, INC.
121 BRICKYARD ROAD
MARS, PA 16046
(724) 625-9000

PREPARED BY:

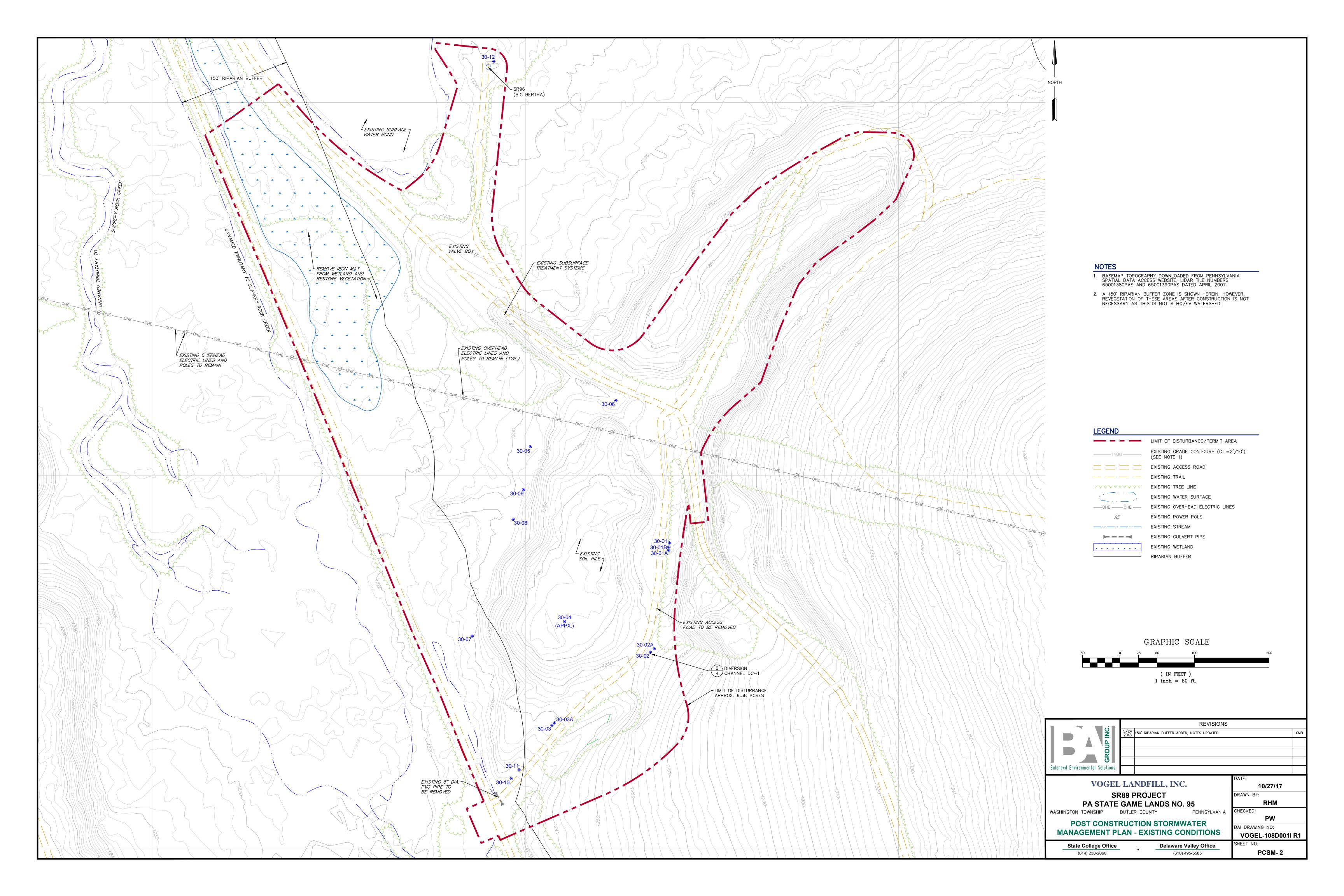


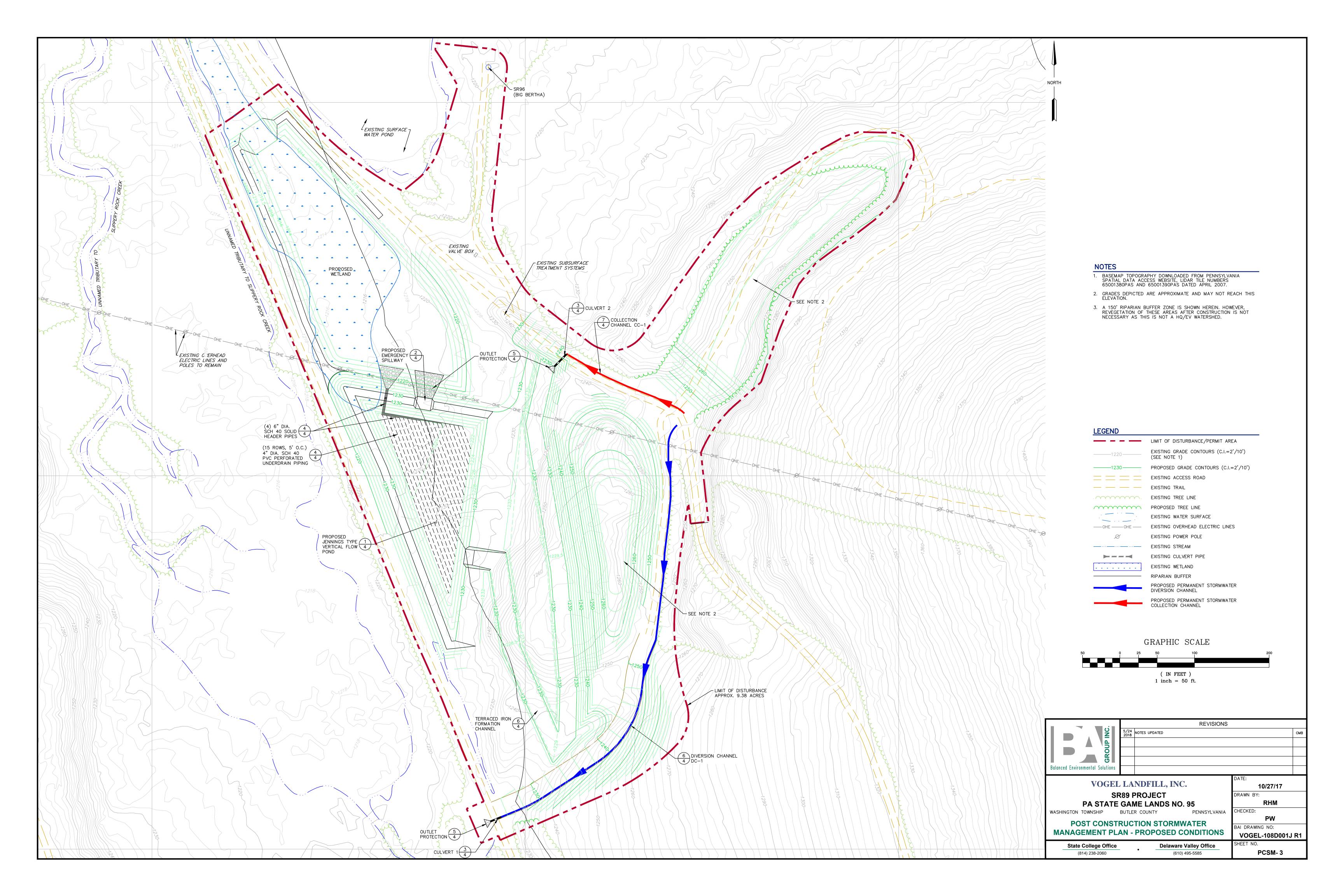
STATE COLLEGE OFFICE
2525 GREEN TECH DRIVE, SUITE D
STATE COLLEGE, PA 16803
(814) 238-2060
Environmental Consultants
PROJECT # 17-VOGEL-108

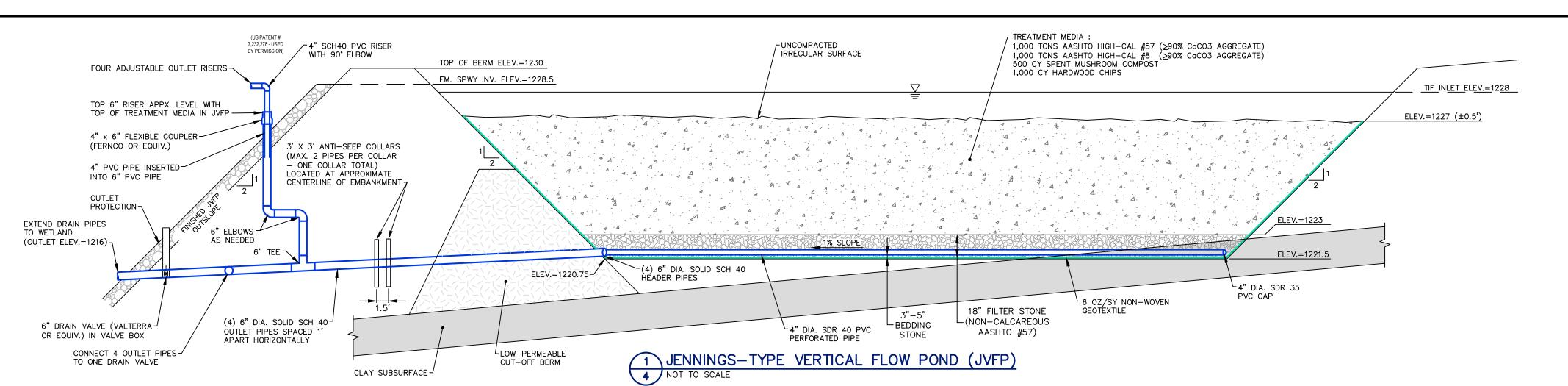




DRAWING INDEX									
SHEET NO.	DRAWING TITLE	BAI DRAWING NO.							
PCSM-1	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - COVER SHEET	VOG-108D001H R2							
PCSM-2	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - EXISTING CONDITIONS	VOG-108D001I R1							
PCSM-3	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - PROPOSED CONDITIONS	VOG-108D001J R1							
PCSM-4	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN - DETAILS & NOTES	VOG-108D001K R2							







RESOLUTION TO SOIL LIMITATIONS (SEE TABLE 1 THIS SHEET FOR SOIL LIMITATIONS)

- CUTBANKS / CAVING: CONDUCT TRENCHING OPERATIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH OSHA TECHNICAL MANUAL FOR TRENCHING.
- 2. CORROSIVE TO CONCRETE / STEEL:
 PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PROTECT ALL CONCRETE AND STEEL FROM CORROSION BY USING PREVENTATIVE
- WHEN BEDROCK IS ENCOUNTERED; IT SHALL BE REMOVED BY MECHANICAL METHODS OR BLASTING. BLASTING SHALL CONFORM WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- TAKE PRECAUTIONS TO PREVENT SLOPE FAILURE BY FLATTENING CUT / FILL SLOPES, NOT OVERLOADING, MAINTAINING LATERAL SUPPORT, AND PREVENTING SATURATION OF SOILS. AVOID USING FOR ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION.
- 5. FLOODING/HYDRIC/SLOW PERCOLATION/PONDING/WETNESS/SEASONAL HIGH WATER TABLE:
- EXCAVATIONS IN SOILS THAT HAVE THESE CHARACTERISTICS WILL LIKELY ENCOUNTER WATER. DEWATER WITH APPROPRIATE MEANS SUCH AS PUMP WATER FILTER BAGS, SEDIMENT TRAPS, ETC.
- 6. SHRINK / SWELL / FROST ACTION: SOILS THAT HAVE POTENTIAL TO SWELL, SHRINK, OR HEAVE MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ROADWAYS OR PADS WHERE FOUNDATIONS ARE CRITICAL. REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF SOILS WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL MAY BE REQUIRED.P
- POOR TOPSOIL / DROUGHTY / WETNESS:
 SOIL TEST IS ENCOURAGED TO DETERMINE THE APPROPRIATE APPLICATIONS OF SOIL AMENDMENTS TO PROMOTE GROWTH.

 IDENTIFY SOILS ON—SITE THAT ARE FAIR SOURCES OF TOPSOIL, STRIP AND STOCKPILE FOR USE DURING RESTORATION.
- PROVIDE PROTECTIVE LINING, SEEDING AND MULCHING, EROSION CONTROL BLANKETS (ROLLS OR HYDRAULICALLY APPLIED), TRACKING SLOPES, UPSTREAM DIVERSIONS, WATERBARS, ETC., TO MINIMIZE EROSION OF THE SOILS.
- CHARACTERISTICS OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, INCLUDING PAST, PRESENT AND PROPOSED LAND USE PROPOSED ALTERATIONS TO THE AREA THE PROJECT IS LOCATED ON PENNSYLVANIA GAME LANDS NO. 95. THE LAND IS OPERATED BY THE PENNSYLVANIA GAME COMMISSION FOR WILDLIFE HABITAT

AND PUBLIC HUNTING GROUNDS. THE IMMEDIATE PROJECT AREA HAS BEEN AFFECTED BY PAST MINING OPERATIONS THROUGH VARIOUS DISCHARGES OF AMD.
THE AMD HAS SEVERELY AFFECTED THE DOWNSTREAM NON-FUNCTIONAL WETLAND AREA WHICH WILL BE REMOVED AND REPLACED AS PART OF THIS REMEDIATION SURROUNDING AREAS ON THE SITE CONSIST OF WOODED AREAS, ACCESS ROADS, AND SPOIL PILES FROM PAST MINING OPERATIONS. REFER TO

DEVELOPMENT OF THE PROJECT WILL CONSIST OF REMOVAL OF EXISTING TREES AND SOIL PILES WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF A PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM. THE PROJECT AREA AND LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE CONSIST OF APPROXIMATELY 9.38 ACRES. EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL STRUCTURES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR THE PROJECT TO PREVENT IMPACTS TO ADJACENT WATERS DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS. THE CONSTRUCTED PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS: A TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL, A JENNINGS-TYPE VERTICAL FLOW POND, AND A WETLAND AREA. CONCEPTUAL DESIGN OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WAS CONDUCTED BY STREAM RESTORATION, INC. PROJECT SITE RUNOFF

SURFACE WATER FROM THE PROJECT AREA WILL ACCESS THE COMMONWEALTH SURFACE WATER SYSTEM THROUGH AN UNNAMED TRIBUTARY TO SLIPPERY ROCK CREEK (CWF). THE SURFACE WATER IS CONSIDERED IMPAIRED DUE TO METALS AND SILTATION FROM ACID MINE DRAINAGE.

STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SEQUENCING THE OPERATIONS AND USING A SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT EROSION AND OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. SITE WORK WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A SHORT TIMEFRAME AND WILL BE STABILIZED AS WORK PROGRESSES. THE FOLLOWING TEMPORARY BMP'S WILL BE UTILIZED: • A TEMPORARY SEDIMENTATION BASIN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. THE BASIN WILL BE

· SITE WILL BE REVEGETATED WITH NATIVE SPECIES. ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

CONVERTED TO A WETLAND AFTER THE REST OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM IS CONSTRUCTED.

BMP INSTALLATION SEQUENCE

STORMWATER DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY SEQUENCING THE OPERATIONS AND USING A SELECTION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS) TO PREVENT EROSION AND OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. SITE WORK WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A SHORT TIMEFRAME AND WILL BE STABILIZED AS WORK

• A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE UTILIZED AT THE ENTRANCE FROM THE ACCESS ROAD. THE ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DETAIL 3 ON SHEET 6 OF THE DRAWING SET. FILTER FABRIC FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED DOWNGRADIENT OF DISTURBED AREAS NOT OTHERWISE DRAINING TO SEDIMENT BASIN 1, AS SHOWN ON E&S PLAN DRAWINGS. FABRIC FILTER FENCE OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK WILL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 6

• SEDIMENTATION BASIN NO. 1 WILL ALSO BE USED TO CONTROL SEDIMENT LEAVING THE SITE. THIS BASIN IS GENERALLY EXISTING, ALTHOUGH SOME IMPROVEMENTS ARE PROPOSED. THE BASIN WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET. • SEDIMENT FILTER BAGS MAY BE USED IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE

• CHANNELS AND CULVERTS WILL BE USED TO CONVEY OR DIVERT STORMWATER THROUGHOUT THE SITE. REFER TO THE DETAILS ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET. ROCK APRONS WILL BE USED AT PIPE DISCHARGES. SEE DETAIL ON SHEET 5 OF THE DRAWING SET. • UPON TEMPORARY CESSATION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY OR ANY STAGE OR PHASE OF AN ACTIVITY WHERE A CESSATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES WILL EXCEED FOUR DAYS, THE SITE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY SEEDED, MULCHED, OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED FROM ACCELERATED E&S PENDING FUTURE EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.

ALL INSTALLED BMPS WILL BE MONITORED UNTIL FINAL SITE STABILIZATION IS ACHIEVED.

PERMANENT BMP'S WILL CONSIST OF

• DISTURBED AREAS NOT UTILIZED FOR THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM WILL RECEIVE TOPSOIL (IF NEEDED) AND SOIL AMENDMENTS, PERMANENT SEEDING,

• A WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED ON THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE PROJECT AREA. THE WETLAND WILL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLAN DRAWINGS.

STAGING OF EARTHWORK ACTIVITIES
AT LEAST 3 DAYS BEFORE STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES, ALL CONTRACTORS INVOLVED IN THESE ACTIVITIES SHALL NOTIFY THE PENNSYLVANIA ONE CALL SYSTEM INCORPORATED AT 811 TO LOCATE BURIED UTILITIES.

THE INTENT OF THE PLAN IS TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE BY LIMITING THE WORK AREA ALLOWED AND BY STABILIZING THE WORK AREA AS THE CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSES. THIS PLAN ALSO SEEKS TO MINIMIZE THE EXTENT AND DURATION OF EARTH DISTURBANCE AS WELL AS KEEP COMPACTION OF SOILS TO A MINIMUM. GIVEN THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT, A REDUCTION IN STORMWATER RUNOFF IS ANTICIPATED DUE TO PROMOTION OF

VEGETATION AND RESTORATION OF WETLANDS CURRENTLY DESIGNATED AS NON-FUNCTIONING. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PLACE THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL AWAY FROM STREAM BANKS, DRAINAGE CHANNELS AND VEHICULAR TRAVEL WAYS AS APPLICABLE. PROTECT EXISTING DRAINAGE FEATURES AND VEGETATION NOT PROPOSED TO BE DISTURBED. STOCKPILES THAT ARE GOING TO REMAIN FOR LONGER THAN FOUR DAYS SHALL IMMEDIATELY RECEIVE A TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCH FOR STABILIZATION. RESTORATION WORK SHALL BE DONE AS THE PROJECT PROGRESSES, AND NOT BE LEFT UNTIL THE END OF THE JOB. AT A MINIMUM, NO AREA SHALL BE LEFT EXPOSED WITHOUT SOME FORM OF STABILIZATION, UNLESS SUBJECT O CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC. THE PROJECT WILL NOT GENERATE ANY WASTE. IF UNKNOWN WASTES ARE ENCOUNTERED DURING THE PROJECT, THEY WILL BE

DISPOSED OF BY DEP REGULATIONS AS NOTED BELOW. A SEQUENCE OF OPERATIONS TO ACHIEVE THE ABOVE IS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. AT LEAST 7 DAYS PRIOR TO STARTING ANY EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES (INCLUDING CLEARING AND GRUBBING), THE OWNER AND/OR OPERATOR SHALL INVITE ALL CONTRACTORS, THE PLAN PREPARER, THE LAND MANAGEMENT GROUP SUPERVISOR FOR THE PGC, AND A REPRESENTATIVE FROM BUTLER COUNTY CONSERVATION DISTRICT FOR A PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING.
- 2. MOBILIZE CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS TO THE PROJECT SITE.
- 3. THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE WILL BE DELINEATED FOR PGC REGIONAL FORESTRY STAFF TO COMPLETE A TIMBER VALUATION PRIOR TO CONDUCTING ANY
- 4. CONSTRUCT AND INSTALL ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. MAINTAIN CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE APPROPRIATELY THROUGHOUT CONSTRUCTION. REMOVE AND STABILIZE TEMPORARY CONTROL MEASURES UPON ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT VEGETATION.
- 5. INSTALL PROTECTIVE BARRIER AROUND AREAS TO BE PROTECTED, SUCH AS WETLANDS AND STREAMS. PROTECTIVE BARRIERS MAY BE EARTHEN BERM, ORANGE SAFETY FENCE, JERSEY BARRIERS, OR SIMILAR.
- 6. INSTALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMP'S AS DIRECTED ON THE PLANS AND AS NECESSARY DURING CONSTRUCTION. EARTH DISTURBANCE CANNOT OCCUR UNTIL E&S BMP'S HAVE BEEN INSTALLED TO TREAT THE WATERSHED AREA IN WHICH DISTURBANCE WILL OCCUR.
- 7. INSTALL COMPOST FILTER SOCK AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS (CLEARING AND GRUBBING SHOULD BE LIMITED TO WHAT IS NECESSARY FOR INSTALLATION). ALL INSTALLED BMP'S SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER RUNOFF EVENTS. UPON INSPECTION, NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE PERFORMED BY THE CONTRACTOR. SEDIMENT MUST BE REMOVED WHEN ACCUMULATIONS REACH 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF CONTROLS.
- CONSTRUCT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 BY CONSTRUCTING A SOIL BERM AT THE NORTH END OF THE PROJECT AREA. REMOVE IRON MAT PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF BERM. INSTALL THE PIPE BARREL AND RISER FOR THE PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. INSTALL RIPRAP APRON AT OUTLET OF BARREL PIPE. INSTALL TRASH RACK ON PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY RISER PIPE. GRADE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY CHANNEL OVER THE SOIL BERM, STABILIZE THE BERM AND EMERGENCY SPILLWAY AND INSTALL TURF REINFORCEMENT MAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS AND DESIGN BEQUIREMENTS.
- REMOVE THE EXISTING 8-INCH DIAMETER PVC PIPE CULVERT. REMOVE OR PLUG THE EXISTING 12-INCH DIAMETER CONCRETE PIPE CULVERT WHICH CROSSES
- 10. CONSTRUCT TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-1, TEMPORARY COLLECTION CHANNEL TCC-2, TEMPORARY CULVERT 1, AND PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION INCLUDING DISTURBED AREA LOCATED LINE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS ROAD IN ACCORDANCE THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD IN ACCESS RO UPSLOPE OF THE PROPOSED ACCESS ROAD.

- 11. PERFORM CLEARING OF EXISTING TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH LOCATED WITHIN THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE. TREES, STUMPS, AND BRUSH REMOVED FOR THE PROJECT WILL BE PLACED IN PILES ON THE PROPERTY IN AREAS AS APPROVED BY PGC OFFICIALS.
- 12. CONSTRUCT VERTICAL FLOW POND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 13. PERFORM EXCAVATION OF CONSTRUCTION AREA MINE SPOIL PILE. EXCAVATED SPOIL MATERIALS WILL BE STOCKPILED IN THE EXISTING STRIP CUT FROM PREVIOUS MINING OPERATIONS. EXCESS SOIL MATERIAL WILL REMAIN AS PERMANENT FILL IN THE AREA. FILL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE GRADE ELEVATION SHALL BE STABILIZED IMMEDIATELY.
- 14. CONSTRUCT TERRACED IRON FORMATION CHANNEL IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION. 15. PERFORM FINAL GRADING OF PROJECT AREA AND PERMANENTLY STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS.
- 16. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREA, CONVERT TCC-2 INTO DIVERSION CHANNEL DC-1 AND CONSTRUCT THE REMAINDER OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE ENTIRE CHANNEL AREA, SIDESLOPES, AND OUTLET ACCORDING TO DESIGN REQUIREMENTS.
- 17. INSTALL CULVERT 1 FOR CROSSING UNDER THE EXISTING LOWER ACCESS ROAD FOR DISCHARGE OF DC-1. STABILIZE THE DISTURBED AREAS ONCE INSTALLATION OF DC-1 AND CULVERT 1 IS COMPLETED.
- 18. UPON STABILIZATION OF UPGRADIENT AREAS, REMOVE TEMPORARY CHANNEL TCC-1 AND TEMPORARY CULVERT 1. STABILIZE ALL AREAS WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 19. CONVERT SEDIMENT BASIN 1 TO THE WETLAND IN ACCORDANCE WITH DESIGN PLANS. STABILIZE ALL AREA WHICH ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE ELEVATION.
- 20. IF WATER ACCUMULATES WITHIN THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION, EXCESS WATER WILL BE PUMPED OFFSITE. PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS WILL BE USED TO FILTER WATER PUMPED FROM DISTURBED AREAS IF THE NEED ARISES. FILTER BAGS WILL BE UTILIZED ON THE DOWNGRADIENT SIDE OF THE EARTHWORK, AS NEEDED. ALTERNATIVELY, WATER MAY BE PUMPED THROUGH THE SEDIMENTATION BASIN 1.
- 21. BAGS SHOULD BE LOCATED IN WELL VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREAS AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. FILTER BAGS WILL BE REMOVED WHEN THEY BECOME ½ FULL. THE USE OF FILTER BAGS WILL CONTINUE UNTIL THE CONSTRUCTION AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND SUCCESSFULLY REVEGETATED.
- 22. REMOVE ANY DEBRIS AND ENSURE ADEQUATE FLOW IN PERMANENT STORMWATER DIVERSION STRUCTURES. REPAIR PERMANENT E&S CONTROL STRUCTURES AS NECESSARY. REMOVE THE TEMPORARY E&S CONTROL MEASURES ONCE VEGETATION HAS BECOME ESTABLISHED (>70% COVER).
- 23. DEMOBILIZATION OF EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS FROM THE SITE.

CONSTRUCTION. CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS MAY BE CONDUCTED AT THE SITE AT ANY TIME NECESSARY TO COMPLETE THE PROJECT IN A TIMELY MANNER. CONSTRUCTED WETLAND THE DESIGN OF THE PROPOSED WETLAND CREATION AREA CONSISTS OF RESTORING THE FUNCTIONS OF THE EXISTING WETLAND ECOSYSTEM IMPAIRED BY AMD DRAINAGE. THE SITE WILL BE DESIGNED TO MIMIC THAT OF THE ORIGINAL WETLAND WHILE CREATING HABITAT FOR A WIDE ARRAY OF WILDLIFE.

DEVIATION FROM THE SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES MAY BE NECESSARY BASED ON SPECIFIC SITE CONDITIONS AND OCCURRENCES AT THE TIME OF

HYDROLOGIC DESIGN THE HYDROLOGY THAT WILL DRIVE THE NEWLY CREATED WETLANDS WILL BE FROM A NATURALLY OCCURRING / SEASONAL FLUCTUATING HIGH-WATER TABLE AND

THE OVERALL GRADING DESIGN WITHIN WETLAND CREATION AREAS WILL INCLUDE STRIPPING THE EXISTING IRON MAT RESULTING FROM THE AMD DRAINAGE. A 6 -12"LAYER OF TOPSOIL / BEST AVAILABLE MATERIAL WILL BE ADDED TO THE APPROXIMATE ORIGINAL GRADE. TOPSOIL AND OR COMPOST MAY NEED TO BE

PROVIDED AND/OR AMENDED INTO THE UPPER 12"OF STRIPPED MATERIAL TO BE PLACED AS FINAL GRADE. HE FINAL GRADING OF THE SITE WILL RESULT IN MICROTOPOGRAPHIC CHANGES IN ELEVATIONS WHICH WILL RESULT IN SEVERAL HYDROLOGIC REGIMES WITHIN THE WETLAND CREATION AREA. THE VEGETATIVE DESIGN OF THE SITE OUTLINES A SPECIFIC HERBACEOUS SEED MIX THAT WAS SELECTED FOR THE SITE. THE SITE

THE ENTIRE WETLAND CREATION AREA WILL BE SEEDED WITH THE MIXTURE SPECIFIED IN THE SEEDING AND MULCHING SECTION BELOW. STRAW MULCH WILL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 3 TONS PER ACRE TO THE NEWLY SEEDED AREAS TO PROTECT AGAINST EROSION DURING SEED GERMINATION.

THE GOAL OF THE PROPOSED WETLAND IS FOR THE SITE TO BE SELF-SUSTAINING POST-CONSTRUCTION WITH LITTLE TO NO MAINTENANCE NEEDS BEYOND THE FIVE-YEAR MONITORING PERIOD. MAINTENANCE WILL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF STREAM RESTORATION, INC. THE SITE SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST TWICE A YEAR FOR THE FIRST TWO YEARS AND NO LESS THAN ONCE PER YEAR DURING THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS, OR AS DIRECTED BY REGULATORY AGENCIES. MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES MAY INCLUDE TREATMENT OF INVASIVE SPECIES AND OTHER APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ENSURE THE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS ARE

SEEDING AND MULCHING

UPON FINAL COMPLETION OF AN EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITY, THE SITE SHALL IMMEDIATELY HAVE TOPSOIL RESTORED, SEEDED AND MULCHED. TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL BMPS CAN BE REMOVED WHEN THE SITE MEETS FINAL STABILIZATION. FINAL STABILIZATION MEANS THAT ALL SOIL—DISTURBING ACTIVITIES ARE COMPLETED, AND THAT EITHER A PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY OF 70% OR GREATER HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED OR THAT AN ACCEPTABLE BMP WHICH PERMANENTLY MINIMIZES ACCELERATED EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION HAS BEEN INSTALLED. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT THE 70% REQUIREMENT REFERS TO THE TOTAL AREA VEGETATED AND NOT JUST A PERCENT OF THE SITE.

TOPSOIL WILL BE REPLACED PRIOR TO STABILIZATION. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH ONE OF THE CORRESPONDING MIXTURES FROM THE LIST BELOW. THE PGC WILL BE CONSULTED PRIOR TO VEGETATION. DEPENDING ON WHAT THE FINAL GRADE AROUND THE TREATMENT SYSTEM LOOKS LIKE, THE PGC MAY CHOOSE OTHER MIXES FOR LOWER MAINTENANCE. AN APPROPRIATE WETLAND SEED MIX (ERNST PASSIVE ACID MINE OBL WETLAND MIX OR SIMILAR) WILL BE USED TO VEGETATE THE WETLAND. APPLY LIME AND FERTILIZER IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS. IF SOIL TEST RESULTS ARE UNAVAILABLE, APPLY AGRICULTURAL GRADE LIME AT A RATE OF 6 TONS PER ACRE AND APPLY 10-20-20 FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 1000 LBS/ACRE. STRAW MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF AT LEAST 3 TONS PER ACRE.

PREFERRED SEED MIX: ALL STEEP SLOPES, PIPELINES, & DURING OPERATIONS

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM 10 LBS/ACRES - CANADA WILDRYE

10 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY

3 LBS/ACRE - ALSIKE CLOVER

3 LBS/ACRE - LADINO CLOVER

1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, WINTER GRAIN RYE IN FALL) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

PROPOSED WETLAND AREA - PASSIVE ACID MINE OBL WETLAND MIX

SURFACE WATER INPUTS FROM THE AMD TREATMENT SYSTEM.

22.0% CAREX VULPINOIDEA, PA ECOTYPE (FOX SEDGE) 20.0% CAREX LURIDA, PA ECOTYPE (LURID (SHALLOW) SEDGE)

20.0% ELYMUS RIPARIUS, PA ECOTYPE (RIVERBANK WILDRYE) 9.0% CAREX CRINITE, PA ECOTYPE (FRINGED (NODDING) SEDGE)

8.0% SCIRPUS ATROVIRENS, PA ECOTYPE (GREEN BULRUSH) 8.0% SPARGANIUM EURYCARPUM, PA ECOTYPE (GIANT BUR REED)

6.0% SCIRPUS EXPANSUS, PA ECOTYPE (WOOD BULRUSH) 4.0% JUNCUS EFFUSES (SOFT RUSH)

3.0% SCIRPUS CYPERINUS, PA ECOTYPE (WOOLGRASS) APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

ALTERNATE SEED MIXES: ORIGINALLY FORESTED - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION

5 LBS/ACRE BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE 1 LB/ACRE - INDIANGRASS

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM 1 LB/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA

1 LB/ACRE - SWITCHGRASS 1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS

14 LB/ACRE - MAXIMILLIAN SUNFLOWER 1 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (OATS IN SPRING, GRAIN RYE OR WHEAT IN FALL)

APPLY STRAW (NOT HAY) TO PROVIDE COMPLETE COVERAGE OF SOIL

ORIGINALLY AGRICULTURAL/STRIP MINE/OLD FIELD - LESS STEEP AREAS & DURING ALL FINAL RESTORATION 2 LBS/ACRE - TIMOTHY 5 LBS/ACRE - CANADA WILDRYE

2 LBS/ACRE - LITTLE BLUESTEM

5 LBS/ACRE - SIDE-OATS GRAMA 5 LBS/ACRE - BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

1/4 LB/ACRE - LANCE-LEAFED COREOPSIS 1/2 BUSHEL/ACRE - ANNUAL CEREAL GRAIN (GRAIN RYE IN FALL, OATS IN SPRING)

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSESS THE WORKING CONDITION OF THE E&S CONTROLS AT LEAST WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED STRUCTURES, BLOCKED STRUCTURES, OR OTHER PROBLEMS IDENTIFIED DURING THE INSPECTIONS SHALL BE REPAIRED PROMPTLY. ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. AT THE END OF EACH DAY, SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. RESPONSIBILITY FOR MAINTAINING PERMANENT DRAINAGE CONTROL FACILITIES UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE ASSUMED BY THE DEVELOPER.

COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES ½ THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE SILT FENCE OR FILTER SOCK AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION AREA. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION. IF PUMPED WATER FILTER BAGS ARE USED ON SITE, THEY SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR BREAKS OR LEAKS. FILTER BAGS AND THEIR UNDERLYING EROSION PROTECTION MATERIALS (E.G. STRAW BALES AND GEOTEXTILE) WILL BE CLOSELY MONITORED. BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL. SPARE BAGS AND UNDERLYING MATERIALS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT. EROSION AND UNDERCUTTING OF FILTER BAGS SHALL BE PROMPTLY INSPECT THE SEDIMENT BASIN ON AT LEAST A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. PROVIDE ACCESS FOR SEDIMENT REMOVAL AND OTHER REQUIRED MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES. A CLEAN OUT STAKE SHALL BE PLACED NEAR THE CENTER OF THE BASIN. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT HAS REACHED THE CLEAN OUT ELEVATION ON THE STAKE AND THE BASIN RESTORED TO ITS ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS. DISPOSE OF MATERIALS REMOVED FROM THE BASIN IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THE E&S PLAN. BASIN EMBANKMENTS, SPILLWAYS, AND OUTLETS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR EROSION, PIPING AND SETTLEMENT. NECESSARY REPAIRS SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY. DISPLACED RIPRAP WITHIN THE OUTLET ENERGY DISSIPATER SHALL BE REPLACED IMMEDIATELY. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED INSIDE THE BASIN BEFORE CONVERSION TO A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY STORMWATER DIVERSION CHANNELS AND CULVERTS SHOULD BE INSPECTED WEEKLY. THE STRUCTURES WILL BE MAINTAINED TO PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. WASHOUT AREAS WILL BE FILLED WITH SOIL AND STABILIZED. OUTFALLS WILL BE INSPECTED FOR EXCESSIVE EROSION AND REMEDIED AS NECESSARY. REVEGETATED AREAS SHALL BE INSPECTED FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE COVER. AREAS EXHIBITING STRESSED VEGETATION OR SIGNS OF EROSION SHALL HAVE THE SEEDBED PREPARED AND SHALL BE RESEEDED AND MULCHED.

UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS MUST BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE MUST INCLUDE INSPECTIONS OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT BMPS AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. EACH INSPECTION SHOULD BE LOGGED ON THE MOST RECENT VERSION OF THE PADEP FORM 150-FM-BWEW0083 (VISUAL SITE INSPECTION REPORT). THESE LOGS WILL BE KEPT ONSITE AT ALL TIMES. ALL PREVENTATIVE AND REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK, INCLUDING THE CLEANOUT, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, RE-GRADING, RE-SEEDING, RE-MULCHING AND RE-NETTING OF BMP'S AND DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY. IF EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BMPS FAIL TO PERFORM AS EXPECTED, REPLACEMENT BMPS, OR MODIFICATIONS OF THOSE INSTALLED WILL BE REQUIRED. SEDIMENT REMOVED FROM BMPS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF IN LANDSCAPED AREAS OUTSIDE OF STEEP SLOPES, WETLANDS, FLOODPLAINS OR DRAINAGE SWALES AND IMMEDIATELY STABILIZED OR PLACED IN TOPSOIL STOCKPILES OR FOR DAILY COVER AT SENECA LANDFILL.

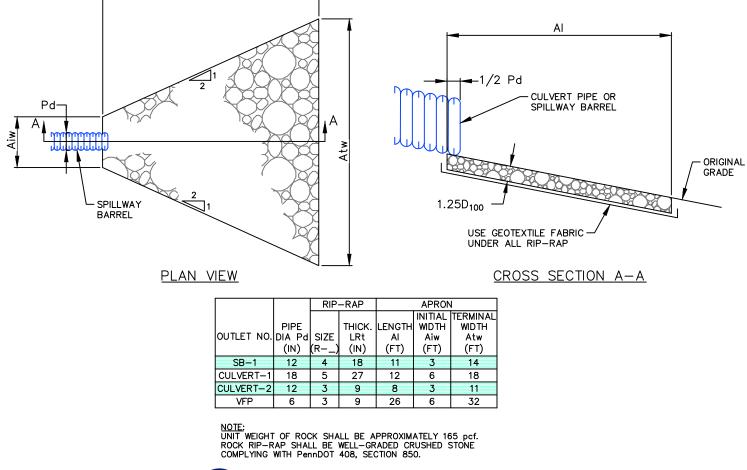
ANY EXCESS MATERIAL AND WASTES REMOVED FROM THE PROJECT SITE WILL BE RECYCLED OR DISPOSED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DEPARTMENT'S SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS AT 25 PA. CODE 260.1, ET SEQ., 271.1 AND 287.1 ET SEQ. IN ACCORDANCE WITH 25 PA. CODE, CHAPTER 78. SEDIMENTS FROM BMP'S SHALL BE REMOVED AS SPECIFIED IN THE MAINTENANCE FOR THAT BMP, SPREAD ON—SITE, AND STABILIZED ACCORDING TO THE PERMANENT STABILIZATION SPECIFICATIONS. ALTERNATIVELY, SEDIMENT MAY BE USED AS A DAILY COVER MATERIAL AT SENECA LANDFILL. WASTES MAY INCLUDE, BUT MAY NOT BE LIMITED TO, PIPE SCRAPS, GEOTEXTILE, SILT SOCK, FILTER BAGS, LUMBER, AND PERSONNEL TRASH. PLASTIC OR METAL MATERIALS WILL BE RECYCLED TO THE EXTENT PRACTICAL. OTHER WASTES WILL BE DISPOSED IN THE SENECA LANDFILL.

NATURALLY OCCURRING GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS OR SOILS TYPES THAT MAY CAUSE POLLUTION THE PROJECT IS TO REMEDIATE AMD. DRAINAGE FROM GEOLOGIC FORMATIONS WITH THE POTENTIAL TO GENERATE AMD WILL DRAIN TO THE TREATMENT SYSTEM. POST-DEVELOPMENT RUNOFF AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., AND THE COMPLETE SET OF CALCULATIONS CAN BE FOUND IN "THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CALCULATIONS WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., AND THE COMPLETE SET OF CALCULATIONS CAN BE FOUND IN "THE POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (PCSM) PLAN". THIS IS A SEPARATE PLAN THAT HAS BEEN PREPARED AS A PART OF THIS PERMIT APPLICATION. SENECA LANDFILL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE OF THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM UNTIL THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED AND APPROVED. AFTER THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS APPROVED, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SITE WILL BE PERFORMED BY THE STREAM RESTORATION, INC.

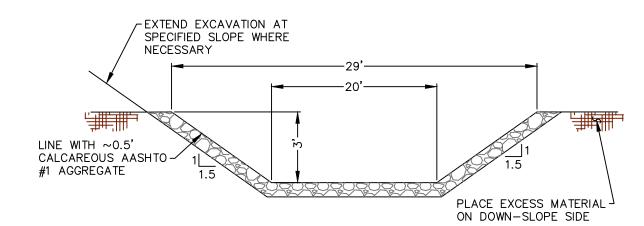
THERMAL IMPACTS TO THE RECEIVING WATERS ARE NOT ANTICIPATED. THERE IS NO INCREASE IN IMPERVIOUS AREA FOR THIS PROJECT. STORMWATER WILL ALSO PASS THROUGH THE PASSIVE TREATMENT SYSTEM BEFORE ENTERING ANY WATERWAY. THROUGH THESE MEASURES THERE SHOULD BE NO THERMAL IMPACT TO THE RECEIVING WATERS.

THE PROPOSED EARTH DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES ARE NOT WITHIN SPECIAL PROTECTION OR SILTATION-IMPAIRED WATERSHEDS.

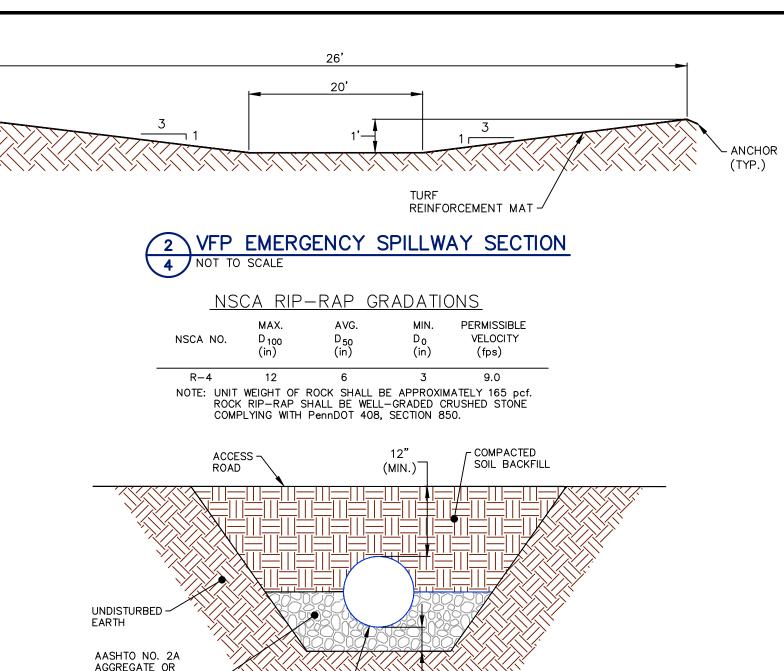
CONSTRUCTION IS SCHEDULED TO BEGIN IN THE SUMMER/FALL OF 2018 OR THE SPRING OF 2019. THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE PREPARED BY A PERSON TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED IN EROSION CONTROL METHODS AND TECHNIQUES THESE PLANS AND NARRATIVE WERE PREPARED BY BAI GROUP INC., STATE COLLEGE, PA IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION EROSION AND SEDIMENT POLLUTION CONTROL PROGRAM MANUAL, MARCH 2012.



5 PIPE OUTLET PROTECTION



6 TERRACED IRON FORMATION (TIF)



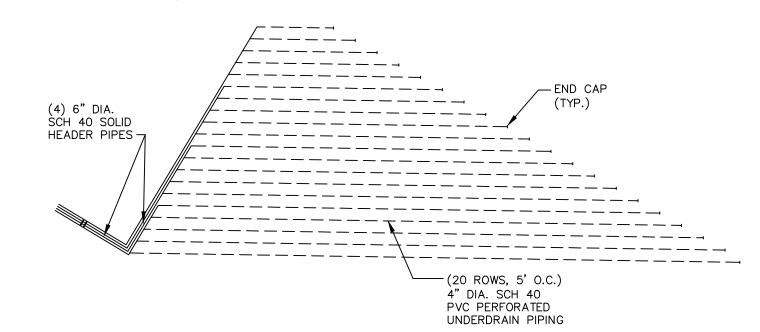
BEDDING CORRUGATED ADS PIPE PROVIDE MINIMUM 12" SPACING WHEN MULTIPLE CULVERTS ARE PROPOSED

	OCEVERY SOMEDOLE										
CULVERT	ACRES DRAINED (acre)	Q REQ'D (cfs)	Q' AVAIL (cfs)	MIN COVER (in)	MIN SLOPE So (%)	LENGTH L (ft)	NO. OF PIPES	CULVERT DIAMETER D (in)	RECEIVING STRUCTURE		
TEMP CULVERT 1	0.98	2.06	5.38	12	2	35	2	12	TCC-1		
CULVERT 1	11.36	14.09	20.23	12	3	15	2	18	UNT TO SLIPPERY ROCK CREEK		
CULVERT 2	0.73	2.46	4.66	12	3	25		12	TIF CHANNEL		

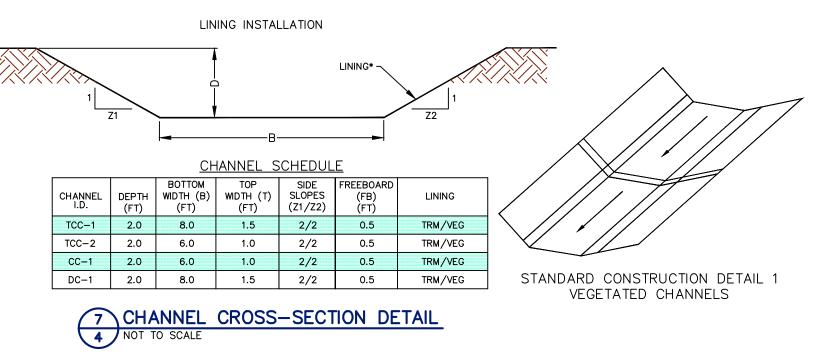
CULVERT SCHEDULE

EQUIVALENT MATERIAL

3 CULVERT DETAIL



4 JVFP PIPE PLAN



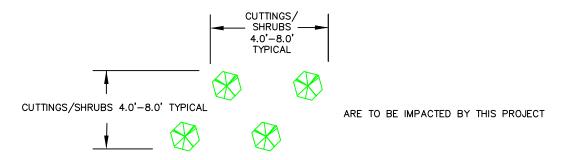
		REVISIONS						
N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	5/24 2018	TERRACED IRON FORMATION DETAIL ADDED, PCSM NOTE:	S UPDATED	СМВ				
	12/06 2018	PCSM NOTES UPDATED		CJE				
5								
Balanced Environmental Solutions								
VOGEL LANDFILL, INC. DATE: 10/27/17								
VOGEL LANDFILL, INC. 10/27/17								

SR89 PROJECT DRAWN BY: PA STATE GAME LANDS NO. 95 CHECKED: WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP BUTLER COUNTY PENNSYLVANIA POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER BAI DRAWING NO: **MANAGEMENT PLAN - DETAILS & NOTES** VOGEL-082D001K R2 State College Office **Delaware Valley Office**

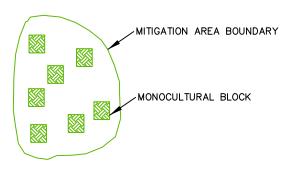
(610) 495-5585

(814) 238-2060

PCSM-4



PLAN VIEW - PLANT SPACING WITHIN MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS



PLAN VIEW - RANDOMLY SPACED MONOCULTURAL PLANTING BLOCKS

- TYPICAL SPACING IS APPROXIMATE. PLANTS SHOULD BE LOCATED RANDOMLY TO AVOID THE APPEARANCE OF ORGANIZED ROWS WITHIN THE MONOCULTURAL PLANTING BLOCKS.
- SHRUBS ARE TO BE PLANTED IN THE PLANTING ZONES IDENTIFIED IN THE PLANTING SCHEDULE. MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS SHOULD CONTAIN 10-20 PLANTS IN SHRUB ZONES. MONOCULTURAL BLOCKS SHOULD BE APPROXIMATELY IN 50' INTERVALS, OR AS DIRECTED OR MODIFIED BY THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.





SENECA LANDFILL, INC.

SR 89 REMEDIATION PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION

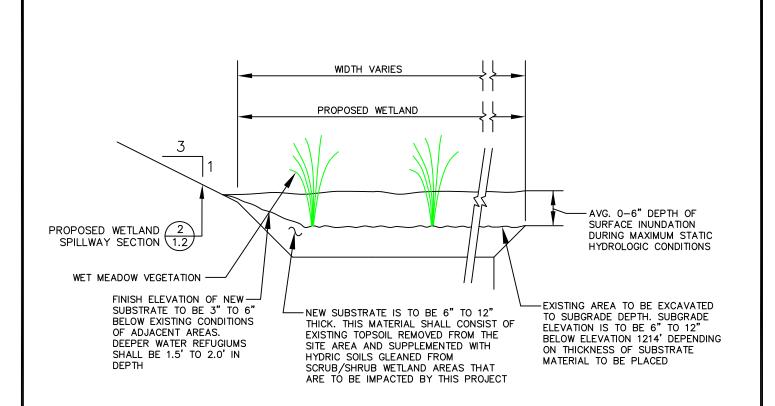
JACKSON TOWNSHIP BUTLER COUNTY

PENNSYLVANIA

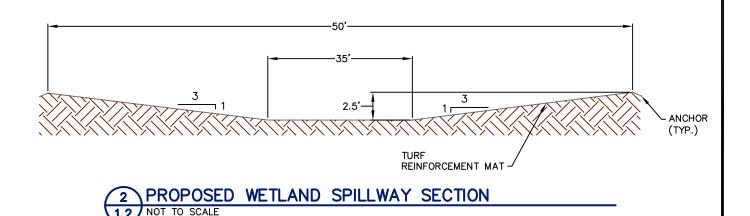
TYPICAL PLANT SPACING DETAIL

State College Office **Delaware Valley Office**

(814) 238-2060 (610) 495-5585 DATE: 11/13/18 DRAWN BY: CHECKED: PW **CJE** BAI DRAWING NO: VOG-108A003AB



PROPOSED WETLAND AREA CROSS-SECTION NOT TO SCALE





SENECA LANDFILL, INC.

SR 89 REMEDIATION PROJECT PERMIT APPLICATION

JACKSON TOWNSHIP

BUTLER COUNTY PROPOSED WETLAND AREA CROSS

SECTION AND SPILLWAY

PENNSYLVANIA

11/13/18

DRAWN BY:

DATE:

CHECKED: PW CJE

BAI DRAWING NO:

VOG-108A003AB

State College Office (814) 238-2060

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